FBIS DAILY REPORT

CONTENTS

South Asia

Vol VIII No 113 *10 June 1980*

AFGHANISTAN

Soviet Commerce Official Ends Visit to Kabul	C 1
Meets Agriculture Minister	C 1
Departs 9 June	C 1
Karmal, Ministers Address Meetings in Provinces	C 1
Karmal Speech in Paktia	C 1
Education Minister in Ghowr	C 1
Communications Minister in Qandahar	C 2
Trade Unions Urge Defense of Revolutionary Achievements	C 2
AFP Reports Former Taraki Supporter in Qandahar Province	C 3
Interior Ministry Announcement on Artillery Shooting Week	C 3
Kabul Reports Students Again Affected by Poison Gas	C 3
182 Detainees of School Demonstrations Released	C 4
U.S. Paper Cited on CIA's Role in Arming Afghan Insurgents	C 4
BAKHTAR Interviews Frontier Affairs Minister	C 5
Reportage on Soviet, Guerrilla Activity	C 6
Fresh Soviet Troops Arrive	C 6
Heavy Fighting Near Kabul	C 7
Further Details [London THE DAILY TELEGRAPH 7 Jun]	C 7
Fighting in Jalalabad	C 9
Afghan Defections; Governor Killed	C 10
Guerrilla Victories	C 10
Karmal Receives Reply Message From CSSR President	C 11
Karmal Thanks Laos President for Greetings [KPL	C 11
Briefs: Ambassador to Hungary	C 11

PAKISTAN

PRC's Huang Hua Stops in Islamabad en Route to Europe	F 1
Meets With President Haq	F 1
PRC's Deng Yingchao Stops in Karachi en Route to Paris	F 1
Foreign Minister Shahi Meets Ceausescu in Bucharest [cross-reference]	F 1
President Haq Speaks on Islam in Economy, Government	F 1
Haq on Changes in Government	F 2
Karachi Paper Fails To Publish in Protest to Censorship	F 2

IRAN

Coverage of Tehran Conference Investigating U.S. Crimes	I 1
Inquiry Head Issues Statement	I 1
Presence of U.S. Citizens Discussed	I 1
ETTELA'AT Interviews Bani-Sadr on Trial for Hostages	I 3
NVOI Discusses Fifth Column Plot Against Iran	I 4
AFP Reports Assassination Squad Sent To Kill Bakhtiar	I 5
Qotbzadeh To Attend Socialist International Meeting in Oslo	I 5

Commerce Minister, Trade Delegation Leave for India I 6
Afghan Rebel Delegate at Tehran Meeting Raps USSR, U.S. I 6
Afghan Fighters Reportedly Kill Two Government Soldiers I 6
Translator for Bakhtiar, Saddam Arrested as Iraqi Spy I 7
Guards Corps Mines Destroy Iraqi Armored Vehicles I 7
Coverage of Activities of President Bani-Sadr I 7
Reaches Agreement With Kurds I 7
Orders Release of Jailed Majles Member I 8
Receives Moro Front Leader I 8
Talks With Turkish Islamic Leader I 9
Meeting With Arrested Deputy I 9
Talk With Minister of Energy I 9
Majles Approves 47 Representatives' Credentials I 10
Revolution Council Denounces Arrest of Majles Deputy I 10
Revolution Council, Cabinet Joint Session Reported I 10
Government Foreign Press Advisor Reportedly Fired I 11
Some Draftees Asked To Report for Military Service I 11
Free Voice of Iran Quotes IRAN-E AZAD on Status of Army I 11
Free Voice of Iran Carries Liberation Army Statement I 12
Free Voice of Iran Comments on Situation in Kordestan I 12
Reports on Continuing Unrest, Violence in Provinces I 13
Railroad Taken Over [ETTELA'AT 4 Jun] I 13
Clash Near Divandarreh I 14
Izeh Police Department Disbanded I 14
Bank Robbers Sentenced I 15
Guards Base Attacked I 15
Attack on Miando'ab I 15
Azarbayjan Order Being Restored I 15
'Nonbelievers' Told To Surrender I 16
'Assailants' Surrender in Javanrud I 16
Shiraz-Firuzabad Highway Closed I 16
Fighting in Firuzabad I 17
Committee Sent to Firuzabad I 17
Rabbani Warns Firuzabad Saboteurs I 18
Firuzabad Highway Pass Retaken I 18
Firuzabad Fuel Shortages I 18
Committee Condemns Violence I 19
Clashes at Firuzabad I 19
Group Closes Roads in Fars I 19
Raider Leader Arrested in Eslamabad I 19
Gendarmerie Commander Killed I 20
People Asked To Surrender Arms I 20
Embargo on Kordestan Continues I 20
Insurgents Attack Shahin Dezh I 20
Villagers Told To Disarm I 21
Guards Attacked in Fars I 21
Kermanshah Village Attacked I 21
West Azarbayjan Attack I 21
Appeal for Calm in Fars I 22
Army Operations in Qotur I 22
Kurds Execute Two Guards I 22
Mines Found in Tehran Street I 23
Tehran Street Clash I 23
Chief Warns of 'Serious Unrest' Among Qashqai Tribe I 23
[London THE DAILY TELEGRAPH 9 Jun]
Oil Minister Willing To Export to Eastern Europe I 24
Tehran Announces Formation of Incident Investigation Bureau I 24

Officials Discuss Coordinating Official, Executive Powers I 25
Finance Official Interviewed on Tax Revenue Problems I 25
Former SAVAK Torturer Tried, Executed at Evin Prison I 26
Islamic Court Executes Six Persons for 'Corruption' I 26
Bani-Sadr Issues More Guidelines on Drug-Related Issues I 27
Khalkhali Carries Out Drug Violation Arrests, Executions I 27
Comments on Executions I 27
30 Smugglers Arrested I 27
4 Smugglers Executed I 28
10 Executed for Narcotics Crimes I 28
Further Comment on Executions I 28
NVOI Comments on International, Domestic Issues I 29
Rural Councils; OPEC Meeting I 29
Feudalism; New Plots I 30
Drug Addiction Blamed on U.S. I 31
Khomeyni on Birth of Imam 'Ali I 31

SOVIET COMMERCE OFFICIAL ENDS VISIT TO KABUL

Meets Agriculture Minister

GF091100 Kabul International Service in Arabic 1700 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Text] Agriculture and Land Reform Minister Fazl Rahim Mohammad met with USSR Chamber of Commerce and Industry Deputy Chairman N.A. Mukhtidinov in his office today. They discussed agricultural products that could be exported.

Departs 9 June

LD092144 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1530 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] N.A. Mukhtidinov, deputy chairman of the USSR Chamber of Commerce and Industries, who visited Kabul at the head of a delegation, left today for home.

At Kabul International Airport, Deputy Minister 'Abdolislam of the Ministry of Commerce and President Ramchand Verma and a number of the members of the Chamber of Commerce and Industries of Afghanistan and the Soviet commercial mission in Kabul saw the delegation off.

KARMAL, MINISTERS ADDRESS MEETINGS IN PROVINCES

Karmal Speech in Paktia

OW071648 Hong Kong AFP in English 1641 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] Islamabad, June 7 (AFP)--The threat of a "massive civil war" forced Soviet-installed Afghan President Babrak Karmal to oust the regime of Hafizollah Amin late last December, he said today on Radio Kabul. Addressing a gathering in Paktia Province, Mr. Karmal said: "Our enemies planned a long and sustained war in Afghanistan which could have continued even if 700,000 people died." Accusing the United States of "committing aggression thrice in the past", he said Washington hoped to "dismember the country last year".

President Karmal, recalling that he had been in politics for the past 30 years and had served in parliament for six years, said he had been it as "his duty" to take power when Afghanistan was "facing a big war". The Soviet-backed ruler lashed out at "American imperialism and Chinese chauvinism" for masterminding the trouble in Afghanistan, telling the villagers that the United States and China were demanding [an] Islamic government in Kabul, "as if they were great Moslems".

Education Minister in Ghowr

LD062055 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1530 GMT 6 Jun 80

[Text] Gol Dad, member of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan [PDPA], Central Committee, member of the Revolutionary Council and minister of higher education, participated yesterday in a meeting of the provincial committee members, city committee and the primary party organizations of the center of the Ghowr Province. He explained the ratifications of the second historic plenum of the PDPA Central Committee and reminded the party members of that province of the implementation of these parifications, saying: With full unity and solidarity and by observing party discipline the broad masses of the people could be attracted to the party.

Today Gol Dad, accompanied by the governor and government department chiefs of Ghowr Province and in the presence of a great number of religious leaders, mosque mullahs and the people of Chaghcharan, performed the Friday prayers in Chaghcharan communal mosque.

Communications Minister in Qandahar

GF081650 Kabul in English to South Asia 1530 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Text] Mohammad Aslam Watanjar, member of the Central Committee of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan, member of the Revolutionary Council and minister of communications, participated in a meeting held by residents, scholars, elders and teachers of [words indistinct] of Qandahar Province in the hall of [word indistinct] office and conveyed to them the greetings of Babrak Karmal. Mohammad Aslam Watanjar shed light on the objectives of our revolutionary government, which ensures the prosperity and well-being of the people and the construction of a [words indistinct] Afghanistan.

TRADE UNIONS URGE DEFENSE OF REVOLUTIONARY ACHIEVEMENTS

LD062326 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1530 GMT 6 Jun 80

[Text] The central committee of the unions addressed to the toilers of the country yesterday issued a message during a meeting of city ahd Kabul Province union activists in the Salam Khanah hall of the palace. The message states:

The success of the glorious Sawr Revolution broke the chains of slavery from the hands and feet of the toilers and brought as a gift, freedom, prosperity and well-being to the oppressed people of Aghanistan. After the success of the irreversible Sawr Revolution--particularly after its new development stage, the phase of the salvation of the revolution and people--as a result of which the black and criminal band of Amin, this tricky and crafty spy of the CIA, was overthrown, imperialism, headed by U.S. imperialism and the hegemonist chauvinism of China, joined the reactionary circles in the region, Israeli Zionism and Egyptian reaction in intensifying the conspiracies and employing every possible means to shamelessly degrade the persecuted people of Afghanistan and their revolution and its achievements. Despite the conspiracies and treacherous trickery of the various enemies of the homeland, the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan [PDPA] and the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan [DRA] Government, with steady steps and unbreakable will and resolve, are successfully striving toward the realization of the ideals of the successful Sawr Revolution and its new development stage. The overt and covert instigations and provocations of the enemies of the homeland not only indicate the depth of their crimes, but also manifest their ever-increasing fear of the broadening and deepening of the Sawr Revolution and its new development stage.

While emphasizing the unity of workers, the message adds: In the special conditions which our dear homeland and revolution are experiencing, it is the duty of all toilers to close their ranks and unify all their energies against the bestial and corrupt internal enemies, and against imperialism and its various conspiracies, by strengthening their unity under the leadership of the PDPA.

The latest events in some of Kabul's schools reveal the efforts of the black reactionary force, the Chinese hegemonists and all those reactionary forces, which are frightened by the strength of the Sawr Revolution and its new development stage under the leadership of the PDPA, to create tension in family environments in the service of imperialism and counterrevolution. It is natural that from the spread of these types of tensions only the enemies of the interests of the persecuted people of the homeland will benefit. These tensions will bring harm to the revolution. We must be wise and avoid this dangerous trap.

The central committee of the Afghan unions condemns the arbitrary lies spread by U.S. imperialism and its bestial Chinese collaborators, and because of the great responsibility of this critical moment, requests all the progressive forces and toilers, particularly the noble homeland students, to foil these conspiracies with revolutionary wisdom, to avoid creating tension and to expose its provocative agents.

In conclusion, the message to the struggling workers of the homeland states: The struggling unity of the toilers is the guarantee of peace and quiet, well-being, prosperity, progress and the development of the country. The PDPA has emphasized many times the necessity of unifying all progressive national forces and has tried continuously to achieve this goal. One of the important and special measures of the PDPA, after the success of the liberating uprising of 27 December 1979, has been the declaration of the fatherland United National Front. It is the duty of all the free workers and toilers of the homeland to unify in the broad fatherland United National Front, under the leadership of PDPA, in order to defend the gains of the glorious Sawr Revolution and its new development stage; to defend our territorial integrity, national independence and national sovereignty; to implement the resolutions of the second historic plenum of the PDPA; and finally, to construct a prosperous, powerful and blossoming Afghanistan, which will bring total social wealth for the benefit of the toilers.

AFP REPORTS FORMER TARAKI SUPPORTER IN QANDAHAR PROVINCE

BK091116 Hong Kong AFP in English 1112 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] New Delhi, 9 June (AFP)--Afghan Minister of Communication Mohammed Aslam Watanjar, who was rumoured being groomed by the Russians to replace President Babrak Karmal, is in Qandahar Province, government-owned Kabul NEW TIMES reported today.

The newspaper in a front paged story said that Lt. Col. Watanjar offered prayer at the holy Kheroa in Qandahar on Friday. Lt Col Watanjar also visited the tomb of Ahmad Shah Baba accompanied by the governor of Qandahar, the paper said.

Watanjar, who commanded a tank detachment in April 1978 and helped Nur Mohammad Taraki to come to power, was disgraced when Hafizollah Amin captured power. Lt Col Watanjar, strong favourite of the Russians was made a minister when Babrak Karmal was installed in last December. A traveller who arrived here today from Kabul brought the newspaper with him.

INTERIOR MINISTRY ANNOUNCEMENT ON ARTILLERY SHOOTING WEEK

LD091826 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1530 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] Here is an announcement by the general directorate of the defense of revolution at the Ministry of Interior:

From 10-17 June the revolution defense units of the Ministry of the Interior will be firing heavy and light artillery in Khirkhana Mina, between Paghman and Qarabagh villages. Citizens of Kabul and residents of Khirkhana Mina should not worry about this firing.

KABUL REPORTS STUDENTS AGAIN AFFECTED BY POISON GAS

LD091620 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1430 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] The servants of the black reaction, the cowardly mercenaries of imperialism and the enemies of the peace and stability of families who are embarking on actions full of savagery and madness, this morning once again polluted the air of Soraya school by spreading poison gas.

Those students who had suffered because of this action of the criminals were immediately taken to the 'Aliabad and Avicina hospitals and were given treatment.

The hospital doctors concerned with the treatment of the students told a BAKHTAR correspondent that the condition of the students is not critical and their treatment is satisfactory.

A source at the 'Aliabad hospital said that 40 students of the Soraya school who were taken to hospital this morning, are now safe from danger and are undergoing treatment. The condition of another 18 students of the Soraya school, who were under treatment in the Avicina hospital, has also improved and they are being released one after the other.

The BAKHTAR correspondent, who visited these hospitals, says that the condition of the students was quite good and the unhappiness of their families and others whose children attend school was painful and saddening.

A number of parents, sisters and brothers of the victims, who were standing with tearful eyes at the gates of the hospitals, were searching for their children in an attempt to discover which hospital they were in.

This action was condemned as shameful and unconscionable, and much regret and sadness was expressed when the BAKHTAR correspondent asked who was responsible for this instability. He was told that people without conscience or honor who want to disrupt the people's social life have embarked and are embarking on this kind of action.

182 DETAINEES OF SCHOOL DEMONSTRATIONS RELEASED

LD091718 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1530 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] According to Afghan security official 182 persons arrested in connection with recent events were released from detention today, following investigation.

The source added that in the recent events at educational establishments in Kabul, because of the provocations of the destructive networks linked with the world-devouring U.S. imperialism, Chinese traitors and the reaction of the region, a number of inexperienced youths, who were deceived by the conspiracies of the enemies of security and peaceful life of our country and had helped them, in the course of investigations confessed their mistakes and actions and promised not to repeat them. The responsible security authorities considered the duration of detention sufficient and they were released today from detention. The source added that the security authorities regard with complete seriousness and without sympathy, the criminal agents of the wreckers and counterrevolutionaries and are engaging in lawful and revolutionary actions to maintain security and democratic legality in the country.

U.S. PAPER CITED ON CIA'S ROLE IN ARMING AFGHAN INSURGENTS

LD092132 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1530 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] The Philadelphia INQUIRER daily reports that the CIA is actively supplying arms and ammunition to the bandit groups on DRA territory. The daily writes that for several months the CIA has been purchasing firearms and other military equipment not made in the United States on the world market and shipping it to Afghanistan.

The Philadelphia INQUIRER adds that the CIA has [words indistinct] in the United States against subversive activities against Afghanistan. The U.S. special service has sent large quantities of arms to those localities where traitorous groups are stationed, through their reliable channels via Pakistan.

A spokesman for the U.S. State Department said that it has rejected a large number of this type of reports but they do not want to comment on there reports for obvious reasons.

BAKHTAR INTERVIEWS FRONTIER AFFAIRS MINISTER

LD072226 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1530 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] Thousands of nomads and other compatriots who, because of the atrocities of Amin and his blood-thirsty band escaped the country, have returned because of the success of the new development stage of the glorious Sawr Revolution.

Fayz Mohammad, minister of frontier affairs, was interviewed by a BAKHTAR AGENCY correspondent today on this subject. He said: Since the number of returning compatriots is increasing day by day, Pakistan and the imperialist countries have become anxious and worried. Their sinister plans are in vain.

The reactionary and imperialist circles continue their shameless propaganda, contending that the number of so-called Afghan refugees in Pakistan has been increased. With the success of the new development stage of the Sawr Revolution, the toiling people of the country have gained confidence in the sincerity and truth of their revolutionary government and returned to their homes with contented hearts.

Tens of thousands of nomad families during the past few months, notwithstanding the extensive antagonism and armed clashes with the military forces of Pakistan who tried to halt their return to Afghanistan, have returned to the Paktia and Paktika provinces.

The minister of frontier affairs, answering another question by the BAKHTAR AGENCY correspondent said: Following the success of the new development stage of the Sawr Revolution, tens of thousands of our compatriots--who because of the tyrannies of Amin and his criminal band had escaped from the homeland via the borders of the Konarha, Nangarhar, Paktia, Paktika, Farah, Nimruz and other provinces of the country--have returned to the homeland. The number of these compatriots is increasing day by day.

Fayz Mohammad, answering a question on the security of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan borders, said: Full security and safety prevails along the Afghan borders and all tribes living on the borders, give all-round help to their progressive government in safeguarding border security. Those tribes who last year were fighting Amin and his band, now cooperate with their government.

The minister of frontier affairs, replying to another question, said: The main reason for the return of our compatriot is their trust and confidence in knowing that nobody is either killed or imprisoned unless guilty and that they can live in comfort and safety in their homeland. Another important factor is the stability and security in the provinces and in this connection the policy of the government, which wants to stabilize peace through talks and contacts.

The minister of frontier affairs, answering another question, said: I am fully confident that in the next 2 or 3 months most of the compatriots who left the country because of the tyrannies and atrocities of Amin and his band, because of the deception of the enemies of the Sawr Revolution, and despite the obstacles created by the Pakistan authorities, will return to their homeland.

Fayz Mohammad also said that government help has been given to a number of compatriots who have returned home.

REPORTAGE ON SOVIET, GUERRILLA ACTIVITY

Fresh Soviet Troops Arrive

BK091558 Hong Kong AFP in English 1549 GMT 9 Jun 80

[By Dilip Ganguly]

[Text] New Delhi, 9 Jun (AFP)--An estimated 10,000 fresh Soviet troops arrived in Kabul today and were immediately dispatched to reinforce Russian and Afghan Government forces protecting the capital, and [word indistinct] reports of fierce fighting between the rebels and government soldiers in areas adjoining Kabul, highly reliable reports reaching here said.

At least 16 Russian soldiers were ambushed and killed inside the Afghan capital late last night in the hit-and-run strategy adopted by an unspecified number of mountain rebels, who are believed to have come down from the adjoining Paghman-Carikar Mountain Range, sneaking through the cordon put up by an estimated four divisions of Russian soldiers and 3,000 tanks and armoured personnel carriers.

Highly placed Indian Foreign Office sources confirmed the fighting and fell short of saying that the Afghan capital was threatened for the first time since the Russians moved their troops on December 27 last year, of a serious rebel offensive.

"It all sounds impossible...But it seems that the impossible is happening...Kabul is under threat of a massive rebel attack", an Indian source said.

Earlier reports quoting travellers arriving in New Delhi said that Soviet and Afghan Government forces have isolated and encircled an estimated 20,000-strong rebel force, in the 50-km (30 miles) long Paghman-Carikar Mountain Range, 20 km (12 miles) northwest of Kabul.

But later reports said that the rebels armed with new weapons launched attacks on the cordon line today and an unspecified number of them managed to sneak in to the city.

An African diplomat who arrived here today from Kabul also confirmed the fighting and said that the Russians were finding it difficult to cope with the rebels.

"The fiercest ever fighting is going on near Kabul and I will not be surprised if the rebels kill lots of Russians", the diplomat who asked not to be identified by name said.

Meanwhile, independent reports reaching here said that Afghan Air Force planes aided by Soviet air strength have started bombing the mountain range adjoining the Afghan capital.

The combing operation which was to start today to trace the rebels hiding in the mountains has been given up.

The Russians are now busy protecting Kabul, the reports said.

The reports said that majority of the rebels who are still entrenched in the mountains have suffered heavy casualties from bombing.

The reports quoting eyewitnesses said that large convoys of Afghan and Soviet military were seen moving out of Kabul, apparently to reinforce the troops already there.

An unusual rise in aircraft movement was noticed today as Soviet bombers and gunships flew over Kabul and headed towards the north-west, the reports said.

Afghan militiamen have resumed house-to-house searches to spot the rebels who are believed to have been given shelter by sympathetic Afghans in the capital.

However, the task of tracing the rebels has become complicated as thousands of Afghans have entered Kabul from the adjoining areas during the last three days.

The reports said that factory workers in Kabul went on a strike today protesting against the presence of Russian troops in Afghanistan.

The reports also confirmed force drafting of young Afghans in the army and spoke of arrests of those who are avoiding conscription.

Heavy Fighting Near Kabul

TA100648 London BBC World Service in English 0600 GMT 10 Jun 80

[From "Correspondents' Reports"]

[Text] First Afghanistan, and confirmation by people arriving in Delhi of the recent reports of heavy fighting near the capital, Kabul. The Russians are said to be using tanks and artillery to quell the guerrilla forces. Satish Jacob in Delhi sent this dispatch which we will read to you in the studio:

According to one traveler who has spent considerable time in Kabul the Russians have been bombarding villages in the area. He also reported an influx of refugees from villages into Kabul, apparently fleeting the fighting. He quoted travelers from the north as seeing 40 or more burnt out vehicles in the Carikar area. The traveler confirmed movement of large numbers of what he called resistance forces near Kabul. He said that the number could be anywhere between 5,000 to 20,000. He added that Soviet forces in Kabul clearly see this as a new threat, and they have moved swiftly to counteract a possible rebel onslaught on the capital. He said Kabul itself was quiet. He had no knowledge of fighting inside the city as reported by some new agencies.

The traveler also said that there had been an unusual number of take-offs and landings at Kabul airport recently, and he quoted reports that workers at a factory in the city had been refusing to work, apparently the first time that factory workers have protested against the Russian presence. So far protests appear to have been confined to students and shopkeepers. The traveler also spoke of press gangs making the round in Kabul looking for people to be conscripted into the army. He described them as armed militia men belonging to one faction of the ruling Afghan party.

Further Details

LD091153 London THE DIALY TELEGRAPH in English 7 Jun 80 pp 1, 28

[Bruce Loudon dispatch: "Afghans Maul Red Army"]

[Text] Faced with spectacularly-rising casualty figures and serious military reverses, the Soviet Union has begun a big airlift to bolster its beleaguered forces in Afghanistan, I learned in Kabul last night.

According to East European diplomats, the Kremlin is stunned by the increase in the number of dead and wounded in the war against the Moslem guerrilla mojahedin (holy fighters).

Now all the signs are that it is planning a full-scale offensive to try, once and for all, to bring Afghanistan to heel.

During May, it is estimated, the Russians suffered well over 1,000 casualties.

I have solid confirmation of just over 600 Russian dead and wounded at the high-walled military hospital in Kabul which is under heavy Russian guard.

According to East European sources, there were perhaps 400 or 500 more Russian dead or wounded at a big new Soviet field hospital on the outskirts of Kabul, as well as in hospitals at Herat, Qandahar and Jalalabad.

People I spoke to at Kabul International Airport say they have seen "coffin flights" leaving for Moscow carrying dead Russians.

Many badly-wounded Russians have also been flown out of Afghanistan. Significantly they are not being taken to Moscow, but to East Germany or Czechoslovakia, apparently because of concern about the effect Russian wounded would have in Moscow.

The figure of 600 Russian dead and wounded at the Kabul military hospital contrasts with an average of 150 admissions in each month since the Russian invasion on Dec 27 last year.

Behind its white surrounding wall Russian soldiers lie swathed in bandages on the makeshift cots in overcrowded wards.

They scream in disbelief when told that they will never see or walk again.

The view among East European and other "friendly" envoys in Kabul is that the prospects of losing 1,000 men a month is certainly more than the Russians bargained for when they launched the invasion.

Despite an army in Afghanistan now thought to be 11,000 strong the Russians simply do not have the manpower to garrison the whole country. Some estimates say they would need at least 250,000 men to do so.

In the past few days in Kabul I have witnessed a Russian build-up that is the biggest since the December invasion.

All day and all night, giant transports have been flying into and out of Kabul. East European diplomats believe that in the past week at least 10,000 more Russian soldiers and much equipment has been flown into Afghanistan. There are reports of road convoys entering the country throug the Salang Pass.

At 4:30 yesterday morning I was roused by the sound of a convoy passing through Kabul in the direction of Qandahar. It rolled by for half an hour and included many tracked vehicles. Some time later a second similar convoy passed by.

The air activity is not limited to transport planes, throughout daylight hours there is a constant stream of warplanes coming and going.

It is impossible to give accurate figures, but I would guess that there are about 150 helicopters, 80 MiG fighter-bombers, and 40 or 50 other Russian aircraft at Kabul airport.

Yesterday I watched as MiG 23s took off towards the Paghman hills just north of Kabul. They returned a few minutes later with their rocket and bomb pods empty.

During the past few days I have heard the crump of heavy artillery from the area just to the north-west of Kabul besides the chatter of small arms fire that is a regular feature of life in the capital.

I believe that "Stalin organs," the BM-21s with their 122 mm multi-barrelled rockets have been brought into action by the Russians.

Paghman, just 20 minutes drive out of Kabul and once said to be heavily infiltrated by Moslem insurgents: It has been the scene of fierce fighting the past few days.

By day and night, Russian tanks in Kabul face with their guns towards roads leading from Paghman. They are posted as though the crews anticipated an insurgent march on the capital, which is seething with hostility towards the invaders and into which about 8,000-10,000 Moslem insurgents are reported to have been infiltrated.

The rise in Russian casualties is the product of serious reverses in the field and so far Soviet military tactics have been shown to be all but useless.

At the end of February, the Russians embarked on their much vaunted first major offensive. This was directed at the Konar Valley in the east.

The Russians plan, as far as it can be made out from East European military sources in Kabul, was to drive columns into rebellious country, kill as many guerrillas as possible, and "pacify" the area.

These tactics failed. Many guerrillas have been killed but as soon as the Russians withdraw others appear to take their place.

In May the Russians tried other assaults in the east and in the area around Kabul. Again, however, they found they cannot retain control of any part of the country once they have pulled out their troops.

May also saw what, in Russian terms, is an ominous development. Using bazookas and mines the guerrillas began to knock out tanks, Russia's chief weapon against them, crippling convoys and causing more casualties.

The impression of a massive Soviet miscalculation is obvious to anyone who visits Kabul, but finding out precise details is not easy. For some time, no Western correspondents have been allowed into the country officially.

Kabul is relatively calm but the calm is illusory.

The other night I was woken by the sound of bullets outside my bedroom window. As far as could be made out they resulted from an internal feud at offices of the ruling People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan.

Fighting in Jalalabad

BK0817O1 Hong Kong AFP in English 1656 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Text] Peshawar, Pakistan 8 June (AFP)--Heavy fighting broke out between Moslem guerrillas and the recently reinforced Soviet troops in Jalalabad yesterday, travellers arriving in this border town reported today.

According to them Soviet intervention forces had deployed modern tanks in Jalalabad recently for easy maneuvering in the surrounding hills.

The Russian war planes yesterday heavily bombed the outskirts of the city and attacked Moi Mobarak Sharife just outside, the sources said. Rebel groups here also confirmed the attack and feared heavy casualties because of massive Soviet preparations for the offensive. They said Moslem guerrillas clashed with Soviet troops inside the city and destroyed Raig Shammard Khan police station last night.

Details of Soviet losses were awaited. Travellers arriving here confirmed that gun shots and tank fire were heard near the city which has been described as"tense" recently.

Afghan Defections; Governor Killed

OW071823 Hong Kong AFP in English 1745 GMT Jun 80

[Text] Peshawar, June 7 (AFP)--A large unit of the 41 [as received] brigade of the Afghan Army, together with six tanks and heavy weapons, has joined the Muslim guerrilla fighters, rebel sources said here today. Mutiny in the brigade broke out after heated arguments between six officers and the brigade commander of Bamian last week. Fighting inside their barracks left 22 people dead including the brigade commander, according to the rebel group Hezb-e Eslami.

The rebel army unit also attacked the governor's residence before surrendering to Hezb-e Eslami, killing the governor and the troops guarding his residence. The rebel group did not give the number of soldiers who revolted but said surrender [passage indistinct].

Hezb-e Eslami also reported "discord" in the Afghan Army based in Chang Has Aray, capital of Konarha Province, following last weeks "massive attack" on Moslem freedom fighters in Shigal Valley. After heavy fighting there, Muslim guerrillas shot down a Soviet helicopter gunship and destroyed several armoured vehicles, the rebel sources said. They said that serious fighting took place in Paktia Province, where Muslim guerrillas also shot down a helicopter in Gardez, capital city of Paktia [passage indistinct].

Guerrilla Victories

OW091825 Paris AFP in English 1805 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] Peshawar, Pakistan, June 9 (AFP)--Muslim guerrillas shot down a Soviet MiG and a helicopter gunship in Chakir Dara, 30 km (19 miles)from Kabul, at the weekend, Afghan rebel sources said here today.

According to the rebels, quoting eyewitnesses, the Soviet jet and helicopter were flying over the mojahedin's concentrations near the capital, as had frequently happened over the past few days. "The two Soviet warplanes came in the range of our missiles on Saturday night and were soon blown off", they said.

The rebels' sources said Kabul was tense and local people feared "something big is going to happen." There were also reports of massive military activity inside the capital. Several armed clashes have taken place around Kabul, the rebels said, adding that students and workers demonstrated yesterday and again today.

The sources said the Muslim freedom fighters have intensified their "hit-and-run strategy" in Kabul recently and several Afghan Government officials and ruling party members had been ambushed.

Muslim guerrillas, armed with machineguns and Soviet-made Kalashnikov rifles, were knocking on the doors of known communists in the Afghan capital and shooting them on their doorsteps.

The rebel sources said: "Their knock is a death call for the communist."

Eyewitnesses had confirmed reports of Soviet bombing in Jalalabad, close to the Pakistan border, on Friday night, the rebels' sources added. They saw wreckage of army jeeps and military trucks and several tanks destroyed by Muslim guerrillas.

KARMAL RECEIVES REPLY MESSAGE FROM CSSR PRESIDENT

LD072012 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1530 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] Babrak Karmal, general secretary of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan Central Committee, chairman of the Revolutionary Council and prime minister of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan, has received a reply from Gustav Husak, general secretary of the CPCZ Central Committee and president of the CSSR, and the prime minister of that country, Lubomir Strougal, to the telegram he sent on the occasion of the national day of the CSSR.

KARMAL THANKS LAOS PRESIDENT FOR GREETINGS

BK071101 Vientiane, KPL in English 0912 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] Vientiane, 7 June (KPL)--Following is the message of thanks from Babrak Karmal, secretary general of the Central Committee of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan, president of the Revolutionary Council and premier of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan, to the Lao party General Secretary and Premier Kaysone Phomvihan and to the President of the Lao People's Democratic Republic Souphanouvong:

On behalf of the Central Committee of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan, the Revolutionary Council, the government the people of Afghanistan and on my own behalf, I sincerely thank you, the government, Lao People's Revolutionary Party and the people of Laos for the kind message of congratulations sent on the occasion of the second anniversary of our revolution. Our revolution, being a historical event, opened a new and very important chapter in the life of our people and enabled them to carry out basic and essential reforms in various fields. At the offset of the new phase of our revolution, our people overthrew the despotic and anti-people regime of Amin and now continue boldly the sacred struggle against imperialism and reactionary forces. I assure you, dear comrades, that the people of Afghanistan continue their just struggle to defend their independence, national sovereignty and territorial integrity successfully.

We hope that the friendly relations and solidarity between our parties, peoples, governments will further develop and strengthen to the benefit of our two countries and world peace.

BRIEFS

AMBASSADOR TO HUNGARY--Gilani Bakhtari, Democratic Republic of Afghanistan Ambassador to Budapest recently presented his credentials to Pal Losonczi, president of the presidential council of the People's Republic of Hungary, according to normal protocol. [Kabul in Dari to Europe 1730 GMT 8 Jun 80 LD]

PRC'S HUANG HUA STOPS IN ISLAMABAD EN ROUTE TO EUROPE

BK061536 Karachi Domestic Service in Urdu 1500 GMT 6 Jun 80

[Text] PRC Foreign Minister Huang Hua arrived in Islamabad a short while ago for a brief stopover in Pakistan on his way to Europe. The Chinese foreign minister was received at the airport by S. Shahnawaz, the secretary general of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Riaz Piracha, the foreign secretary; and other senior officials of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The Chinese minister will leave for Karachi late tonight. He will leave there for Europe early tomorrow morning.

Meets With President Haq

BK071037 Karachi Domestic Service in Urdu 0200 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] Chinese Foreign Minister Huang Hua during his brief stopover in Rawalpindi yesterday had a meeting with President Mohammad Ziaul Haq. Secretary General of Foreign Affairs S. Shahnawaz and the foreign secretary were also present on the occasion. Huang Hua, who later arrived in Karachi on his way to the European countries, met Foreign Minister Agha Shahi. The Chinese foreign minister left for France this morning.

PRC'S DENG YINGCHAO STOPS IN KARACHI EN ROUTE TO PARIS

BK091032 Karachi Overseas Service in Urdu 0800 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] Madame Deng Yingchao, a vice chairman of the People's Congress of China, made a brief stopover in Karachi today on her way to Paris from Beijing. Madame Deng Yingchao, the widow of late Premier Chou En-lai, is leading a goodwill delegation to France. Senior officials of the Foreign Ministry and the Sind government received her and later bade her farewell.

FOREIGN MINISTER SHAHI MEETS CEAUSESCU IN BUCHAREST

For Bucharest AGERPRES reports on the visit of Foreign Minister Agha Shahi to Romania on 9-10 June and his meeting with Romanian President Ceausescu, see the Romania section of the 10 June Eastern Europe DAILY REPORT.

PRESIDENT HAQ SPEAKS ON ISLAM IN ECONOMY, GOVERNMENT

BK100640 Karachi Domestic Service in Urdu 0200 GMT 10 Jun 80

[Excerpt] President Mohammad Ziaul Haq has said that the budget for the next fiscal year will reflect the results of the government's efforts to introduce an interest-free economic system in the country. He stated this while replying to questions after addressing the divisional councillors in Multan yesterday evening.

The president said that the Islamic ideological council has completed considerable work in preparing the interest-free system and is expected to submit its recommendations soon. The Finance Ministry has also done significant work in this regard.

The president said that the zakat [Islamic charity tax] and usher [Islamic agricultural tax] ordinance will be announced soon, and he himself will present its important points to the nation. He said that efforts were made to honor the wishes of all sections of the community in the ordinance, and zakat and usher will be collected according to the religious rules of the concerned sections.

Earlier, addressing the councillors, the president said that he and his colleagues in the government are determined to establish the strong foundation of an Islamic system in the country in its true sense with the cooperation of the people, because only Islam can provide an effective basis for running the administration and maintain the stability of the country. He categorically stated that no non-Islamic government can replace the present government. He said persons who do not believe in the ideology of Pakistan have no right to assume the leadership of the country.

He stressed that the people have elected the councillors so that they can work for the welfare of the people in the true sense of the term with the Islamic spirit. The councillors should try to fully warrant the people's conference. He said that despite opposition from certain quarters, local bodies elections were held after 15 years and several selected members were included in the administration at the district and provincial levels. This has been done to enable them to represent the people until elections at provincial and national level are held.

Haq on Changes in Government

BK100642 Karachi Overseas Service in Urdu 0500 GMT 10 Jun 80

[Excerpt] Addressing the divisional councillors in Multan yesterday evening, President Mohammad Ziaul Haq said that he and his colleagues are determined to establish a truly Islamic system in the country. He said that he will let the people decide the type of leadership they want as soon as the country is relieved of internal and external dangers. He added that he will not include himself in this leadership. The president emphasized that only Islam can serve to maintain the integrity of the country and to run the administration. The present government will give others an opportunity to serve the country after achieving its ends and fulfilling the responsibilities for which it assumed power in July 1977, when the country was on the brink of civil war.

KARACHI PAPER FAILS TO PUBLISH IN PROTEST TO CENSORSHIP

BK091519 Hong Kong AFP in English 1459 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] Karachi, 9 Jun (AFP)--The right-wing Urdu language daily JASARAT failed to appear today in a unique token protest against the government censorship policies, Mr. Irfan Ghazi, executive editor of the newspaper said here today.

Mr. Ghazi told the AGENCE FRANCE-PRESSE that the local censors had adopted double standards with a discriminatory attitude towards the daily JASARAT, disallowing it to publish news which had no slant against the martial law regime and did not come within the purview of the censorship regulations.

This is the first time since the precensorship was enforced throughout the country on October 16 last that a daily newspaper has failed to appear in protest. Previously many newspapers used to leave blank spaces for the censored news items, articles or editorials. But subsequently this form of protest was also prohibited.

COVERAGE OF TEHRAN CONFERENCE INVESTIGATING U.S. CRIMES

Inquiry Head Issues Statement

ID091811 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 09 Jun 80

[Text] The secretary general of the international conference to investigate U.S. interferences in Iran announced today the conclusion of the work of this conference which was held for the first time in the presence of over 100 organizations and groups from all over the world and lasted 20 days and issued a statement.

This statement reads in part: The international conference to investigate U.S. interferences in Iran concluded with the greatest success imaginable thanks to the tireless efforts and sacrifice of the hundreds of brothers and sisters who made it possible to hold this conference in a period of less than 20 days with their continuous work. For the first time, over 100 organizations and groups from all over the world with their various viewpoints gathered together and (?according to their shared belief), completed a most liberal and most creative conference and investigation. For the first time, Islamic organizations and movements in the international arena were officially recognized by the vast majority of the world progressive and anti-imperialist organizations, and it can be said clearly that a new movement has begun in the world with the participation of the people's representatives.

He added: The conference invoked the kind of reaction that was miraculous to all of us and to those who participated in it. We praise and thank God, for God alone assisted us; without his help, mercy and benediction to this revolution, nothing could have been accomplished even by hundreds of thousands of people like the brothers and sisters who worked hard for this conference.

The conference organizers received their greatest reward from the imam of the nation who received (?all of) them and gave an historic speech on the occasion. The results of the conference and the welcome accorded to it by the people, especially at the vast gatherings in Esfahan, banished all fatigue.

The secretary general of the conference thanked all the government organizations who cooperated and stressed that this great success belongs to the nation as a whole.

Presence of U.S. Citizens Discussed

ID092255 Tehran in English to Europe 1830 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] It is [word indistinct] a time to acknowledge the mission of those Americans who came to Iran to participate in the international conference on U.S. intervention in Iran. Previously Americans used to flock to Iran like vultures flocking to a carcass, to enrich themselves by assisting in the imperialist plundering of the country's wealth. Those mercenary types would flatter themselves by thinking that besides enriching themselves they were helping America by helping America's most valuable ally, the poor shah.

Then later there came some perhaps braver, but certainly more deluded persons who thought that American patriotism meant staging a military coup in Iran and waging a war against God and his servant [word indistinct]. Nine of these persons died in what was later called a rescue mission. Always such persons as Carter, Brzezinski and Kissinger speak of America's interests and of how much they sacrifice in order to protect these interests. But between the true and genuine interests of the American nation and the twisted and petty ideas of America's (?good) held by mercenaries, would-be heroes and lying politicians, a vast, vast gulf exists.

That group which came to Iran from America to promote justice, liberty and respect for humanity on a basis of cooperation and basic rights are the three (as heard) American delegates attending the international conference on American intervention in Iran, which was held in Tehran last week. Previously those in charge of America's destiny understood her best interests in purely material and selfish terms, justifying their false and mass deception of the American public, exploitation of the resources of other nations, and the domination of the governments of these other lands. Always they cloaked evil actions with virtuous words and always spoke of doing all this for America's best interests.

But instead of securing allies in the Third World, and instead of securing economic and military advantages there, the net result of this cynical policy has been to turn entire nations against America and to cut off American access to the resources of these lands. While all these leaders push America further down the road of imperialism and military interventionism, they only further the erosion of the true interests of the American people.

Those Americans who came to this conference knew well what fallacies underlied the bankrupt policies of imperialism to which the United States has adhered. They are also aware that the ultimate cost to the American people for following these policies will include not only increased economic and military vulnerability, but also the loss of fundamental civil and political rights of the Americans citizenry.

These Americans have realized that unless a nation adheres to justice and equality in its public dealings, such a nation cannot long remain great. Thus, their coming to Tehran to help conclusively demonstrates the moral poverty and (?practical) futility of the policies of imperialism. They help not only to free the oppressed nations from the grip of imperialism, but also in helping free their own beloved homeland from the internal evil effects of imperialism.

No doubt these persons risk being blacklisted in America, and will face accusations of disloyalty to their country, especially given the atmosphere of nationalist hysteria and bigotry which the U.S. Government and media have unleashed there. But those who cry loudest about loyalty to America and the American national interest have these national interests least in mind.

The [words indistinct] (?materially) during the revolution, the Zionist lobby, the pro-Pahlavi (?press), and the American industrial military establishment all have the greatest self-interest, as opposed to patriotism, as their motive in promoting military intervention. Equally, when the United States entered the Second World War, the so-called patriots who were loudest in demanding the dispossession and imprisonment of Americans of Japanese ancestry were just those [word indistinct] who envied the economic well-being of their hard-working Japanese-American neighbors, and who later stole the land and the property of these persons when they were interned in American concentration camps. At that time those real patriots were those who protested this injustice, who refused to allow their rationality to be clouded by bigotry, and fought to protect the constitutional rights of Japanese-Americans and who were willing to suffer insults, accusations of disloyalty, and intense persecution in this pursuit of justice.

In no way can the presence of these 10 Americans in Tehran be construed as passive participation in an Iranian-run show. One of these persons, Mr Ramsey Clark, formerly a U.S. attorney general, has not only argued against American interventions in Iran, but has also dissented to the official Iranian policy, presenting contrary viewpoints to officials of the Islamic Republic of Iran, which they might never have been exposed to otherwise.

Thus, nobody in America can argue that these Americans simply lent their prestige and credibility for an anti-America show. And, given the intellectual tenor and independence of their discussion in the conference, nor can it be argued that this conference was simply anti-America show without any substantial merit as an international forum of opinion. Had this American delegation not included a former U.S. attorney general, a Nobel Prize-winning scientist, some prominent American clergy, and other respectable persons, no doubt the U.S. Government would have found it much easier to discredit such persons. But now the rashness of the U.S. Government, and Carter's foolish unwillingness to admit to his own glaring errors, have actually insured that these persons at this conference will later significantly contribute to promoting true peace and to ruining the imperialist scheme.

If after all of its threats the U.S. Government decides not to prosecute these persons, knowing that it will have less success in pursuing political trials against well-known persons enjoying the support and attention of liberal circles throughout the world, then these persons will be able to carry out their mission of enlightening American opinion without let or hindrance.

But if the government decides to prosecute these persons, as is likely, then not only will the publicity of such trials bring public attention to the merit of the Iranian cause, but it will also dramatically demonstrate to concerned Americans that imperialism abroad ultimately means repression at home. Such a rash official act would also put the United States, which has loudly denounced the Soviet Union for violations of the Helsinki accord, in the position of becoming the foremost violater of just those accords.

Formerly the American television networks showed two different series of films. One was entitled (?Profiles in Courage") which were biographical pieces about those progressive Americans who braved and suffered the prejudices of their time in order to establish justice in America. The other series was entitled "Ten Who Dared", about 10 different explorers who ventured into the unknown fearful regions of the world in order to bring mankind useful knowledge about their world. So the public of America and of the whole world can see the live drama of another 10 who dare to fight the prejudices in the form of bigotry officially sanctioned by imperialism, and for seeking to discuss and to make known the true nature of imperialism.

Now that they are in America they may be hated or ridiculed, but their findings will be (?seen) by many intelligent and well-meaning Americans who until lately have been deprived of the true facts. These persons stand to gain nothing materially for their participation in this conference, and it is possible that it may cost them much materially if official sanction is given to a campaign of harrassment against them. But these are the true patriots of America--not Carter, not Brzezinski and the rest of that crowd of opportunists. These brave souls are the sort of persons who have worked throughout America's history to make America a great and morally elevated nation, and the principles they carry in their souls are the best values which America can offer the rest of the world.

ETTELA'AT INTERVIEWS BANI-SADR ON TRIAL FOR HOSTAGES

NC100918 Paris AFP in English 0911 GMT 10 Jun 80

[Text] Tehran, June 10 (AFP)--The newly elected Islamic assembly should decide the fate of the United States Embassy hostages, but a trial could raise several questions for Iran, President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr told the newspaper ETTELA'AT today.

"If the hostages are tried and some are found innocent the question of why we have kept them for seven months in Iran will arise," he said.

Mr Bani-Sadr also believed an open hearing would raise problems. "If the trial is public and the hostages have lawyers, Iranians will wonder why they have this advantage when they are refused it," he said.

Mr Bani-Sadr did not come out against a trial and added that "generally he was in favour of the occupation of the 'nest of spies' since the battle against imperialism and the United States should not end with the depature of the shah from Iran."

NVOI DISCUSSES FIFTH COLUMN PLOTS AGAINST IRAN

GF091403 (Clandestine) National Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran 1800 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Unattributed commentary: "Revolutionary Alertness Is a Guarantee for the Preservation of Revolutionary Gains"]

[Text] Dear compatriots, new documents and fresh evidence are becoming available daily proving that the Carter Administration has no intention whatsoever of giving up its plots and schemes against our country and the Iranian nation's revolution. Recently, a Pentagon spokesman officially announced that the United States has started dispatching a large amount of materiel to its military base on Diego Garcia, in the Indian Ocean.

Seven large aircraft carriers have been assigned to the task and are already loading cargo at various Pacific and Atlantic ports. The Pentagon spokesman said the mission is to complete the shipping and transfer of all materiel to the Indian Ocean by the end of June. According to the American press, a large amount of materiel necessary for paratroopers is stored at these ports. Tanks, armored cars, artillery and various weapons suitable for operation in [word indistinct] have been painted. According to American sources, a brigade of 12,000 U.S. paratroopers and marines will be dispatched as well. The first group of aggressive American forces will be dispatched to the Indian Ocean region. The U.S. press does not hide the fact that the materiel and military personnel are to be used for certain new military adventures against our homeland's independence and freedom.

In all its actions against our homeland, U.S. imperialism has entrusted a major role to its fifth column in Iran--the remnants of the former regime, SAVAKists, extreme leftists and rightists and homemade Moaists who have recently intensified their sabotage activities. Amidst all of this the counterrevolutionaries and the former shah's coterie are not remaining idle. Among them we can name Ashraf, the shah's notorious sister, who is quite experienced in hatching plots. This group also includes Ardeshir Zahedi, the traitorous Bakhtiar, the bloodthirsty executioner Oveysi and others close to the deposed shah. There is undeniable proof regarding the preparation of a careful U.S. imperialist plan to intervene in our homeland through the use of counterrevolutionary elements. According to these documents, a secret meeting was held in Brussels 2 months ago. In addition to Ardeshir Zahedi, five senior officers of the former shah's army, the former Iranian ambassador to Lebanon and three CIA experts in Iranian affairs were at the meeting. The purpose of the meeting was to prepare a scheme to topple our country's Islamic regime and to establish a regime similar to that of the former shah.

Some time ago, Bakhtiar, the last prime minister in the former shah's regime, traveled to Cairo and met with the shah. Ardeshir Zahedi and others close to the deposed shah also attended the meeting. The discussion revolved around the question of eliminating the revolutionary regime and returning the deposed shah to the country. At these secret meetings and visits it was agreed and decided that the plan for this plot should be carried out in three stages. The first phase of this plan, which involves sending fugitive officers faithful to the shah and other royalists into Iran, is to be undertaken by the Carter administration.

These men, who will be wearing Iranian military uniforms, will be landed in Iran by the Americans. They will be disguised as military personnel of the Islamic Republic of Iran and will attempt to persuade personnel of our country's armed forces to join their group, thus creating chaos. Under this plan the American agents and former Savakists must take over key locations in Tehran. They will use the radio station to announce that the army has assumed control of the government.

As you can see, our homeland's enemies--from U.S. imperialists to counterrevolutionaries in every shape and form--are trying in every way possible to suffocate our revolution. In order to achieve this objective they are preparing the dirtiest and the most despicable schemes and plans. But none of these filthy, criminal plots and conspiracies can frighten the brave and freedom-loving Iranian nation. The Iranian nation--a nation that victoriously launched its great revolution through sacrifice and self-denial--can and will be able to fully protect the fruits and gains of this revolution. Under these conditions, the revolutionary alertness of all genuine forces of the revolution and the unity of all those faithful to the revolution are necessary and vital.

AFP REPORTS ASSASSINATION SQUAD SENT TO KILL BAKHTIAR

NC100709 Paris AFP in English 0701 GMT 10 Jun 80

[Text] Tehran, June 10 (AFP)--Former "hanging judge" Sadeq Khalkhali said today he had sent a team of Islamic militants to Paris to kill former Prime Minister Shahpur Bakhtiar "and his disciples".

Ayatollah Khalkhali, who previously claimed responsibility for the killing of a nephew of the deposed shah of Iran in Paris earlier this year and said he had sent an assassination squad against the shah himself in Egypt, made his statement in an interview with the Tehran TIMES.

Mr Bakhtiar, the last prime minister of Iran before the fall of the shah, is living in exile in France. He has declared his continuing hostility to the current regime in Tehran and predicted its collapse.

Ayatollah Khalkhali ordered more than 200 executions when he toured the country presiding over Islamic courts and has already ordered a further 80 in his first month as leader of an antidrug campaign.

Also in the interview the ayatollah hinted that he might be aiming to be Iran's first prime minister in the Islamic Republic. Asked what the qualities of a premier should be he replied, "Someone like me who can work in a revolutionary manner should be able to succeed as prime minister."

On the United States Embassy hostages Ayatollah Khalkhali expressed the hope that they would soon be freed but added that "those engaged in anti-Islamic or antirevolutionary activities should be prosecuted."

QOTBZADEH TO ATTEND SOCIALIST INTERNATIONAL MEETING IN OSLO

JN091752 Tehran International Service in Arabic 1730 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] The Iranian Foreign Ministry spokesman said today that Foreign Minister Sadeq Qotbzadeh will leave Tehran for Oslo during the next 2 days, at the invitation of the socialist international leaders Felipe Gonzalez, Bruno Kreisky and Olof Palme. The spokesman added that the aim of the foreign minister's visit is to explain the Islamic revolution, the stands of the Islamic Republic of Iran and Iran's foreign and international policy.

COMMERCE MINISTER, TRADE DELEGATION LEAVE FOR INDIA

LD091122 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] The Central News Bureau reports that a delegation composed of our country's trade, industrial and mining officials headed by Dr Reza Sadr, minister of commerce, left for New Delhi last night at the invitation of the Indian minister of commerce. During its 1-week stay in India, the delegation will hold negotiations on developing economic and trade cooperation and exchange views with Indian officials on securing the essential commodities needed by the country. The delegation's trip to India is important because India possesses valuable experience in industry and agriculture, and because it can bring about the basis for fruitful cooperation between the two countries because of their similar historical background and their common cultural and Islamic heritage.

AFGHAN REBEL DELEGATE RAPS USSR, U.S.

OW052349 Hong Kong AFP in English 2336 GMT 5 Jun 80

[Text] Tehran, June 5 (AFP)--A religious representative of the Afghan resistance to Soviet presence there today told the international conference here on U.S. intervention in Iran that Moscow had acted in collusion with Washington.

"The United States has condemned the bloody Soviet intervention," the Afghan delegate told the conference, "but we know that for them (the Americans) it has been the occasion for opening a new arms market in the region and a pretext for installing new bases." According to the delegate, "2 million women and children have fled to neighboring countries and 400,000 men and adolescents have died, cut down by Soviet bullets or killed by torture."

The Afghan said that his country had been "totally destroyed" and that its inhabitants were threatened by famine. "Agriculture, the economy and industry have been destroyed," he said. "The Soviets completely control not only the government but also all other institutions."

According to the delegate, so many Afghans have been killed since the Soviet intervention in December that bulldozers have had to be used to bury the bodies. He said that half of the country was in rebel hands. The Afghan delegate, who was not identified, urged the conference to "condemn the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan as well as the American intervention in Iran."

The Iranian conference was scheduled to end its deliberations late today.

AFGHAN FIGHTERS REPORTEDLY KILL TWO GOVERNMENT SOLDIERS

JN092026 Tehran International Service in Arabic 2000 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] Afghan Islamic movement office has told our Qom correspondent that according to reports from reliable sources in Afghanistan, two government soldiers were killed and three were seriously wounded in the battle which took place in the Nimruz region last night between the mojahedin of the Afghan Islamic Movement, who belong to the Islamic Revolution Liberation Front, and the Afghan Government forces.

One government soldier gave himself up and gave his weapons to the Muslim Afghan mojahedin. The sources said that the mojahedin returned safely to base after the battle. The report added that war is still being waged in various places in the Nimruz region.

TRANSLATOR FOR BAKHTIAR, SADDAM ARRESTED AS IRAQI SPY

JN090828 Tehran International Service in Arabic 0710 GMT 9 Jun 80

[From the press review of JOMHURI-YE ESLAMI]

[Text] It has been learned from well-informed sources that an Iraqi spy close to Saddam and Bakhtiar has been arrested. The spy, who was born in An-Najaf and is of Iranian origin, is named Muhammad 'Ali (Barkh). He is a member of the Iraqi Ba'th Party. The spy confessed during interrogation that he attended meetings held by Saddam, Al-Bakr and Bakhtiar as a translator. At these meetings a number of plots against the Iranian revolution were formulated. The spy took part in smuggling arms from Iraq to Iran in accordance with a plan worked out by Saddam and Bakhtiar. The paper says that the spy has made grave confessions and that he is still being interrogated.

GUARDS CORPS MINES DESTROY IRAQI ARMORED VEHICLES

LD091726 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] According to a PARS NEWS AGENCY report from Qasr-e Shirin, one tank and one personnel carrier of the Iraq Army, which had invaded Iranian territory, were destroyed this morning after hitting mines planted on their route by the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps of Qasr-e Shirin.

The central headquarters of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps of the capital confirmed this news and announced that as a result of the destruction of the Iraqi tank and personnel carrier, 10 Iraqis were killed and another 10 were injured.

COVERAGE OF ACTIVITIES OF PRESIDENT BANI-SADR

Reaches Agreement With Kurds

LD051042 Kuwait KUNA in English 1009 GMT 5 Jun 80

[Text] Tehran, June 5 (KUNA)--Iran's President Abolhasan Bani-Sadr and the Kurdish Democratic Party (KDP) leader Dr Abdolraman Qasimlou have reached an agreement to end the bloody war between government forces and Kurdish rebels, informed sources revealed here Thursday.

The agreement was reached on telephone recently after continuous bargaining on a 6-point peace plan and the concessions offered by the president, sources said.

A leading clergyman and close friend of Bani-Sadr also participated in the 'secret talks' and successfully persuaded Qasimlou to drop the word 'autonomy' and replace it by 'self-rule' already guaranteed by the Islamic Constitution for all provinces.

Bani-Sadr told Qasimlou if autonomy was granted to the Kurds, other provinces would also demand the same posing a severe threat to the territorial integrity and sovereignty of Iran, sources added.

The negotiations continued despite repeated warning from the fundamentalists and some prominent religious leaders who demanded full fledged military action to crush the Kurdish rebels completely.

Meanwhile, President Bani-Sadr ordered the suspension of all economic sanctions imposed against the Kurds as a goodwill gesture towards a peaceful solution to the prolonged Kurdish crisis and guerrilla fighting in that region.

Orders Release of Majles Member

LD071051 Kuwait KUNA in English 1020 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] Tehran, June 7 (KUNA)--The Iranian Government has clamped tight security around the newly elected members of the Islamic assembly after a parliament member was illegally arrested by Islamic revolutionary guards.

Khosrov Qashqi'i, a member of the legislative assembly and leader of Qashqaie tribe in Iran, was later released from the former SAVAK prison on the orders of President Abolhasan Bani-Sadr.

Bani-Sadr and his wife both were highly concerned about the illegal arrest of parliamentary (?member) an official of the president's office said.

Iran's Islamic Constitution provides immunity to the lawmakers, who cannot be arrested without due permission from the parliament itself.

This disregard of immunity and defiance of Iran's Constitution by Islamic guards controlled by fundamentalists had caused considerable concern among the independent members of the Islamic assembly, a member of parliament said.

A Kurdish member of the parliament and leader of the Iran Mellat Party, Dariush Foruhar, strongly condemned the 'illegal and irresponsible' act of apprehending Qasqa'i from his home in Tehran. Foruhar called for an immediate and thorough probe into the reasons which led to the violation of immunity granted to the parliamentary members.

A spokesman for the Iran Mellat Party said Foruhar was planning to raise the question of immunity and security, particularly for independent and opposition members in the assembly, when it meets Saturday.

The power-hungry would not be allowed to wipe out opposition in parliament and achieve their anti-revolutionary aims, he added.

Receives Moro Front Leader

JN071819 Tehran International Service in Arabic 1730 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] Dr Abolhasan Bani-Sadr, president of the Islamic Republic of Iran, received Nur Misuari, leader of the Moro National Liberation Front, and two other leaders of the front.

Following the meeting, the front's leader announced that he gave Bani-Sadr a detailed explanation of the military operations and political and military victories achieved by the Moro. He praised, on behalf of the Moro people, the Iranian Government's initiative on cutting off oil supplies to the Philippines, something which has had negative effects on the economic and domestic situation of the Marcos government.

The president of the republic reaffirmed Iran's support and backing for the Moro National Liberation Front and the southern Philippines.

President Bani-Sadr also received today Dr Gholam-Ali Afruz, the charge d'affaires of the Embassy of the Islamic Republic of Iran in London. During this meeting, Dr Afruz submitted to President Bani-Sadr a report on the recent incident in which hostages were detained in the embassy by elements of the Iraqi Ba'th and imperialism.

Talk With Turkish Islamic Leader

LD091832 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] According to PARS Shayekh [name indistinct], propaganda deputy of the secretary general of the Turkish Islamic Party, who came to Tehran to participate in the international conference to investigate U.S. interferences in Iran, today met Dr Abolhasan Bani-Sadr and had talks with him. In this meeting, which lasted for about 1 hour, talks were held on the unity of the Islamic front and the friendly relations of the two countries.

Meeting With Arrested Deputy

LD091850 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] This morning the deputy from Eqlid in Fars Province met Dr Abolhasan Bani-Sadr, the president. After the meeting he said to the PARS NEW AGENCY correspondent:

The president told me that my case had been dealt with in the Revolution Council and that there was nothing on file against me.

Talk With Minister of Energy

LD091046 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] The Central News Bureau reports that Dr Hasan 'Abbasi, minister of energy, accompanied by Dr Fereydun Sahabi, the deputy minister of energy and the director of the Atomic Energy Organisation of Iran, met and conferred with Dr Bani-Sadr, the president of our country. In this meeting, they discussed plans to meet the energy needs of the country and the work of the Ministry of Energy. The president expressed his support for the policy of the Ministry of Energy concerning the suspending of the atomic reactors project. The construction of these reactors, which had been started by the former regime on the basis of colonialist and imposed contracts, is harmful for the country from economic, political and technical viewpoints, and would give rise to greater dependence on imperialist countries. These contracts were terminated after the victory of the revolution.

According to the Ministry of Energy's plans, and given the approval of the Revolution Council, the present buildings and facilities at the Bushehr and Ahvaz atomic reactor construction sites will be used for the establishment of large educational and technical complexes. The present workshops will be used for production and training and the residential buildings will be put at the disposal of the individuals who will be working in these training and production complexes.

At the end of the meeting the minister of energy said: We need long-term programming to provide the necessary electricity and fuel to produce electricity, as well as for other purposes, so that we can ensure that the increase in consumption is provided for. This was also approved by the president.

MAJLES APPROVES 47 REPRESENTATIVES' CREDENTIALS

LD081040 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Text] At today's open session of the Islamic Majles the credentials of 47 representatives elected by the nation were approved. Our correspondent in parliament has a short report on today's session, to which we draw your attention: [begin recording]

At today's session the speaker of the house announced that the remarks made by the spokesman of the second committee investigating the credentials on the [word indistinct] representative were in error and that no credentials have been rejected by this committee. All the files which were incomplete or against which there were complaints will be sent to the investigating commission. The investigating commission will announce the final verdict. Ayatollah Khalkhali, member of the investigating commission, said that to date no evidence has been submitted to them to prove that the [word indistinct] representative has cooperated with the CIA. Mr Yadollah Sahabi, speaker of the house, also announced that the Libyan Embassy has invited 10 representatives to take part in the national day of Libya, and the representatives agreed that one representative from each of the parliamentary committees be elected to take part in the ceremonies marking the national day in Libya.

REVOLUTION COUNCIL DENOUNCES ARREST OF MAJLES DEPUTY

LD091116 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] The Central News Bureau reports that Dr Hasan Habibi, the spokesman of the Revolution Council, contacted by telephone, said: The Revolution Council last night discussed the arrest of the Majles deputy from Eqlid in Fars Province and denounced it.

REVOLUTION COUNCIL, CABINET JOINT SESSION REPORTED

LD092046 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1950 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] Please pay attention to news just received about the joint session of the Revolution Council and the Cabinet: The Revolution Council and the Cabinet held a joint session chaired by President Dr Abolhasan Bani-Sadr at the Prime Ministry building. According to the PARS NEWS AGENCY correspondent, after the session, Minister of Health and Welfare Dr Musa Zargan, told correspondents: The request for a 500-million-tumans budget for a crash program for the treatment of narcotics addicts was granted and a bill on this will be prepared. He added: 3,000 hospital places will be provided for the hospitalization of addicts throughout the country.

Mr Minachi, minister of national guidance, said about the closure of the Kordestan office of national guidance: Mr Bani-Sadr instructed the Kordestan governor general to reopen this office.

President Dr Abolhasan Bani-Sadr told correspondents at the end of tonight's meeting: Reports were presented on the economic situation and we reached the conclusion that to improve the present situation, morality in society should be strengthened and a calm climate to be brought about so that the economy can be improved. Revolution Council spokesman Dr Hasan Habibi told correspondents: Tonight a report was presented about the economic state of the country and issues pertaining to the internal economy and related factors as well as the effect that the latter could have on the people' morale. After discussion with economic experts, we reached the conclusion that the people should be aware that the revolution which we have begun with morality should be so pursued.

Dr Hasan Habibi regarded the program of economic austerity as null and void. Concerning the preparation of a specific program for the present situation, he said: The prognosis of a specific program also requires a specific government.

GOVERNMENT FOREIGN PRESS ADVISER REPORTEDLY FIRED

NC092120 Paris AFP in English 2050 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] Tehran, June 9, (AFP)--The Iranian Government's foreign press director, Habol Ghassem Sadeq, was fired today, it was learned here.

Mr. Sadeq told AGENCE FRANCE PRESSE that he received a letter from National and Religious Guidance Minister Naser Ninachi, who wrote telling him that he was "no longer a member of the ministry."

Mr. Sadeq said the letter gave no reason for the firing.

In recent interviews, he has said that foreign correspondents in Iran might be spies.

SOME DRAFTEES ASKED TO REPORT FOR MILITARY SERVICE

GF071550 Ahvaz Domestic Service in Persian 1230 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] All regular draftees born in 1959, 1960 and 1961 who have registered at the Dezful, Shush and Andimeshk gendarmerie districts are asked to report to the Mottahedin school in Dezful, where they will be dispatched to training centers.

FREE VOICE OF IRAN QUOTES IRAN-E AZAD ON STATUS OF ARMY

TA091414 (Clandestine) Free Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran 1500 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Unattributed commentary published in the Paris-based IRAN-E AZAD weekly; date not given]

[Excerpts] In his statements, the false imam talks about Iran, the homeland and preserving the country's frontiers. The imported president takes advantage of every opportunity to stand below the picture of Dr Mossadeq and be photographed or he goes to army barracks and army education centers and delivers long and boring speeches about the necessity of respecting the army and the importance of the armed forces in safeguarding Iran's frontiers and borders. From his pulpit, even Shaykh Sadeq Khalkhali talks about the courage and bravery of the army and praises its role in society as if nothing has happened. It is as if these individuals were not the ones who put such slogans in the mouths of the people as: "No nation has ever seen such a cowardly army."

Khomeyni's illegal regime and its parasites have reached such a stage that they themselves have come to recognize that their false Islamic Republic can only continue with the support of the army and the Iranian Armed Forces and, thus, the army has again become cherished and beloved. These simpletons want to use the army against the people and through bloodshed and fratricide prevent the uprising of the people. What impudence! These people do not know that the officers and soliders who are forced to line up in front of them are awaiting the day when action begins for the liberation of their homeland. The officers and soldiers are hiding their wrath and fury [words indistinct].

These people do not know that for an Iranian soldier death is preferable to receiving a medal from a traitor like Bani-Sadr and marching in front of a foreign mercenary.

For soldiers who for centuries [words indistinct] there is no worse disgrace than marching in front of Khomeyni's portrait, the main killer of their fellow fighters, soldiers and commanders. The Iranian soldier has not forgotten this humiliation and the perpetrators of it.

The Iranian Armed Forces will wash away all the disgrace that you have brought to them with one great national movement and once more will stand tall with pride and liberate Iran.

FREE VOICE OF IRAN CARRIES LIBERATION ARMY STATEMENT

TA091215 (Clandestine) Free Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran 1500 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Military statement by the liberation army of Iran]

[Excerpts] Fellow soldiers! You have certainly been informed by means of the mass media of the disgraceful and corrupt apparatus of Ruhollah Khomeyni by which two of our brave colleagues in the air force have been sentenced to death in the unjust Islamic courts for the crime of patriotism. The sentence was carried out immediately and they were honored by martyrdom. However, what these ominous owls did not have the courage to announce, despite all their brazenness and impudence, was the martyrdom of 13 of our brave fellow fighters from the airborne unit, who several days ago were delivered to the execution squad for the crime of preserving military honor and for refusing to hurl bombs and rockets at our defenseless and brave Kurdish brothers.

Fellow soldiers, in these sensitive moments of history the country is in need of our courageous movement. In these sensitive moments our moral mission is extremely great and valuable. True life necessitates a supreme effort, a lofty ideal, a human feeling and a spirit full of manly qualities and courage which through experience and on the basis of history we impeccably possess.

Fellow soldiers, the future of free Iran, the freedom of its misfortune-afflicted and oppressed people depends on your uprising, O you stalwarts. Arise to carry out your duty and your commitment for which you have taken the oath. Arise! Arise! And through the power of decision revive the reality of the honorable military life, and through pure thought and a resolute determination and by relying on God join the ranks of the devotees of Iran's freedom, the liberation army. We also will be beside you sooner than expected. The Iranian nation will be our companion and assistant. The Almighty God will assist us on this path. Greetings to the pure soul of the martyrs of the armed forces! Long live Iran! Long live the true Iranian nation! Long live the tricolored lion and sun Iranian banner!

[Signed] The command council of the liberation army of Iran.

FREE VOICE OF IRAN COMMENTS ON SITUATION IN KORDESTAN

TA091516 (Clandestine) Free Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran 1500 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Unattributed commentary]

[Excerpts] Kordestan is the province of the martyrs. Kordestan is filled with fire and blood. The Khomeyni calamity has engulfed all Iran with fire and blood. There is no village and town in which Khomeyni's executioners have not sown the seed of discord and enmity and have not induced the people to fratricide.

Young people have left the towns for war and old people and frightened women and children have sought shelter in basements. The packs of wandering and hungry dogs yelp death every time a mortar shell falls. Foreign mercenaries in the garb of Hexbollahi are engaging in the mass execution of innocent and defenseless Kurdish women and children and the destruction of their homes, mosques and hospitals for the money they receive from their chief.

Amid this great calamity in Kordestan, the Iranian Kurds have suffered the greatest torment and continue to sacrifice themselves. With their legendary resistance the Kurds have proven that they are the real guardians of Iran's independence and true history, the nucleus of resistance and the salvation of Iran and the Iranians. Kordestan has become the invincible fortress of the misfortune-afflicted Iranian people and the stronghold of the struggle against the injustices of the Iran-devouring fakers and reactionaries.

From where does this resistance come? Without doubt from the Iranian and Aryan ideals of a people who have sincerely criticized the past and who at the same time have never surrendered and submitted to slavery and fake religious people.

What is the reason they [the present Iranian Government] call the leaders of the Kurds "corrupt on earth" and then want to sit with them at the negotiating table? What is the reason--following so much brutality and violence inflicted by the great commander of the executioners, namely Shaykh Sadeq Khalkhali, on the innocent Kurdish compatriots--they want to begin peaceful negotiations with these "bloodthirsty criminals?" Why do they want peace now that the green fields of Kordestan have become as red as a rose with the blood of the Kurdish brothers? Does the regime of usurpers still believe the Kurdish stalwarts will again listen to the word and promise of professional liars?

The army resisted orders to mop up Kordestan. For that reason and for not obeying orders blindly, for refraining from carrying out the orders of the turbaned leader, and because of noncooperation with the treacherous guards and foreign mercenaries who are the real killers of the Kurds, many of our resisting army personnel resigned, many were dismissed from the army and a great number were sentenced to death or prison.

The voice of Kordestan resounded throughout Iran. First the Turkmen, then the Baluchis and following this the Azarbayjanis began responding. The Iran-devouring fakers, with the utmost brutality, dispatched mercenaries and crushed one and all. Outwardly,they succeeded in silencing the Turkmen and Azarbayjanis. However, there is fire hidden beneath the ashes. Today the world is aware of Khomeyni's killings in Kordestan. The horrible mass executions of the Kurdish brothers are like a stain of shame on the report card of the crimes of these bloodthirsty people.

REPORTS ON CONTINUING UNREST, VIOLENCE IN PROVINCES

LD100833 Tehran ETTELA'AT in Persian 4 Jun 80 p 10

[Unattributed report: "100 Km of Iran-Europe Railroad Taken Over by Assailants"]

[Excerpts] This statement was issued by the gendarmerie of the Islamic Republic of Iran yesterday:

Dear compatriots, honorable inhabitants of West Azarbayjan, rural brothers and sisters of the Qotur Valley.

At a time when America's warships, together with that imperialist government's military forces, have imposed an economic blockade on our country and when the sea routes to the south of our homeland have come under the control of their forces, a number of armed, hireling, traitorous elements have blocked our country's railroad--which constitutes our land link with Europe--along the entire length of the Qotur Valley, for a distance of 100 km up to the point at which it joins Turkish territory, and by means of hinderance and armed activity, they have obstructed commercial transactions between Iran and our government's trading partners.

Our country's armed forces will pursue these criminals and will go as far as to destroy them, giving them no quarter; they will raze to the ground any place which is used as a shelter or stronghold by the miscreants.

We are therefore making this announcement to our brothers and sisters, and we earnestly request them not to allow their villages, houses and homes to be used by these savage beasts, and not to be the means whereby, by extending facilities and necessary supplies to them, they are able to continue their traitorous acts, even for several hours.

Those who cooperate with the traitors and armed malefactors will receive the same sentence as those malefactors, and the forces actively engaged in crushing and detaining such elements will show no hesitation in dealing similarly with them.

All dear brothers and sisters are requested to cooperate with the armed forces of our country in crushing and destroying the armed, hireling elements of foreign imperialist forces.

Clash Near Divandarreh

LD051836 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 5 Jun 80

[Excerpt] According to the PARS NEWS AGENCY, the press office of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps of the western regions stationed in Kermanshah has announced: Today, following the surrender of 11 persons who presented themselves to the guards corps base in Javanrud, 16 other armed elements including members of the democratic party went to the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps in Javanrud, and, handing in their arms and ammunition, announced their support for the Islamic Republic of Iran. According to the same report, yesterday in (Dowaf) near Divandarreh, which is on the way to Saqqez, there was a confrontation between the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps, the armed forces and Kurdish peshmerga on the one side and counterrevolutionary elements on the other. In this confrontation a guardsman by the name of (Qasen Tork Laduni) from the village of Ladune in Esfahan was martyred and two other guardsmen were injured.

According to the same report, Ebrahim Bahrampur, the commander of the armed raiders, who was a deserter from the former army, was killed, and several other raiders were alse killed. Their names have not yet been announced.

Izeh Police Department Disbanded

LD052136 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1930 GMT 5 Jun 80

[Text] The public relations office of the governorate general of Khuzestan, in a contact with PARS NEWS AGENCY, has announced: According to the reports received and investigations carried out, the police department of Izeh, due to laggardness and the lack of efficiency in achieving the goals of the Islamic republic, has been disbanded on the order of the governor general of Khuzestan.

The department's performance did not improve even after the replacement of its director. Its duties have been transferred to the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps and the gendarmerie company of Izeh.

Bank Robbers Sentenced

LD061114 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 6 Jun 80

[Excerpt] According to a PARS NEWS AGENCY, Hojjat ol-Eslam Seyyed Hoseyn Musavi, the head of the Islamic Revolution courts of Tabriz, issued the following announcement today: Four armed thieves who had stolen from banks by means of armed attacks, created fear and terror among the people by means of force and threat, and who used firearms and other weapons, were sentenced to death by the verdict of the Islamic Revolution Court after repeated investigation and trials. The court's verdicts were carried out at midnight last night.

The head of the Islamic Revolution courts of Tabriz added: These people, by joining with American pseudoleftist groups, imagined that they could weaken the sovereignty of the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran. They were eventually arrested while stealing from the Abbasi Street branch of the Bank-e Saderat in Tabriz.

Guards Base Attacked

LD061740 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 6 Jun 80

[Text] PARS NEWS AGENCY reports from Urumiyeh that last night the gendarmerie garrison and the guards corps base in Shahin Dezh were attacked by armed assailants.

Jamshid Haqgo, governor general of West Azarbayjan said this afternoon when announcing this news: According to the reports received, the attack began at 0130 today and lasted until 0700. In this attack RPG-7's, handgranades and light artillery were used, and the gas station and buildings at two girls schools, Rowshanak and Parvin 'Etesami, which serve as the guards corps bases, were damaged. He added that the police force and the guards corps repulsed the attack and forced the assailants to flee. No loss of life resulted from this confrontation.

Attack on Miando'ab

LD071100 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0944 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] According to our correspondent's dispatch from Urumiyeh, at about 0130 this morning the town of Miando'ab was subjected to an attack from the southeast by a group of armed assailants. During the clash the armed assailants employed heavy and light weapons but were forced to retreat when law enforcement forces and the revolution guards opened fire. According to reports, the assailants withdrew, taking one of the inhabitants of Heydarabad. During this clash, which lasted about 3 hours, no losses were inflicted on the military forces deployed in Miando'ab and there is no information about losses suffered by the attackers.

Azarbayjan Order Being Restored

LD071102 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0942 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] According to our reporter in Urumiyeh, passengers of 13 cars, who had been taken hostage by a group of raiders on the road between Urumiyeh and Naqadeh at 0730 on Wednesday last week, were released.

Jamshid Haqgo, governor general of West Azarbayjan, confirming this report, said: In this attack many cars were heavily damaged and the load of a 10-ton truck was set on fire. The governor general of West Azarbayjan, speaking about the situation in the region, said: Last night regions involved in scattered confrontations during the past few days were relatively calm. On the mopping-up operations in Qotur region he said: Mopping-up operations in this region are still in progress. He also said that during the next few days, hopefully, order will be restored in this region.

The governor general of West Azarbayjan, speaking about maintaining security of railroad stations and installations following the clearing up of the region, said: Fortunately, most of the tribesmen and villagers from Salamas station to Razi station, located on the border with Turkey, agree with the fact that order should maintained in the region. After cleaning the region of armed illegal groups we will be able to increase the number of military posts along the railway, and with the help of the brave tribes in this region the security of this line, which is of extraordinary importance to the country, will be maintained. The governor general of West Azarbayjan added that once order is restored development and agricultural programs will be implemented. The deputy in charge of political affairs of the governorate general of West Azarbayjan went to Qotur to inspect the region.

'Nonbelievers' Told To Surrender

LD071726 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] Our correspondent in Kermanshah, quoting the Javanrud Revolution Guards Corps, reports that yesterday a number of deceived persons who had been in the service of counter-revolution left the nonbeliever division with their arms and returned to Islam and surrendered themselves to the Javanrud corps. Following a 2-hour battle with supporters of Hamed Mohammad Taherlu, who is a counterrevolution chief, Abdol Mohammad Ahmadi fled and surrendered himself to the Javanrud Revolution Guards Corps.

In addition, two members of the Javanmard gendarmerie who were working for the criminal Democrat Party have surrendered themselves to the Javanrud Revolution Guards Corps. The Javanrud Revolution Guards Corps, addressing those who have been misguided in the Javanrud, Babakhani and Khanehshur regions and have gone to Iraq, has asked them to return to Islam and to know that Islam and the Muslims are their supporters.

'Assailants' Surrender in Javanrud

LD071748 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] According to the PARS NEWS AGENCY, during yesterday and today, 18 armed members of unlawful groups and armed assailants in the Javanrud region have surrendered to the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps. They expressed regret at having cooperated with counter-revolutionary elements and have avowed allegiance to Islam and the homeland. On the basis of the same report, 45 armed men in the Javanrud region have now surrendered their arms to the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps and have been pardoned.

Shiraz-Firuzabad Highway Closed

GF071742 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1400 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] The Shiraz-Firuzabad highway was closed at Sangha from 1700 yesterday until this morning. Following the closing of the highway, the Firuzabad Corps of the Islamic Revolution Guards arrived and clashed with armed assailants.

One guardsman was killed and another injured. The assailants reportedly suffered some casualties as well. However, no exact information is available.

According to reports, the Sangha region is being controlled by revolution guards, and the armed assailants have escaped. Firuzabad guardsmen have reported seeing some of the assailants along the Shiraz-Firuzabad highway.

Fighting in Firuzabad

NC071844 Paris AFP in English 1828 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] Shiraz, Southern Iran, June 7 (AFP)--Iranian tribesmen shot dead a revolutionary guard today and wounded several others when bitter fighting erupted in the southern Iranian town of Firuzabad.

According to a report reaching here, between two and three thousand armed tribesmen, angered by news of the arrest of their leader, Khosrow Qashqa'i, in Tehran, were said to have surrounded the town, where an unspecified number of guardsmen were holed up.

Well-informed sources said that Mr Qashqa'i, a member of Iran's parliament who was today reported under armed guard at his Tehran home, appealed to his followers not to attack and to keep calm.

But one tribesmen in Shiraz warned that full-scale fighting could flare up at any moment throughout the mountainous Fars region where an estimated two hundred thousand Qashqa'i tribal families live.

"We are just waiting for the leader's orders to launch a full-scale war," he said.

Tribesmen were also said to have opened fire last night at revolutionary guards who set up roadblocks around Firuzabad, which is one hundred anf fifteen kilometers (seventy-five miles) south of Shiraz. There were no reports of injuries.

Mr.Qashqa'i was arrested Wednesday by revolutionary guards and was led home under armed escort late on Thursday, reportedly after President Bani-Sadr intervened. No reasons have been given officially for his detention.

The Ayatollah Rabbani-Shirazi appealed to the population for moderation in a local radio broadcast transmitted from Shiraz.

A brother of Mr Qashqa'i has been able to leave Tehran and travel to the Firuzabad region in order to join the armed tribesmen loyal to his family, another member of the family told AFP in Tehran.

He warned that disturbances might erupt in the Firuzabad region if Mr Qashqa'i was not released.

Committee Sent to Firuzabad

GF081645 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1400 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Text] In an interview with our correspondent, the Fars governor said he was sent a committee to Firuzabad to investigate the recent incidents on the Shiraz-Firuzabad highway. The committee is comprised of officials representing the Fars governor's office, Ayatollah Rabbani Shirazi, the Corps of the Revolution Guards, the gendarmerie and police headquarters.

Rabbani Warns Firuzabad Saboteurs

GF081636 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1400 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Text] The following announcement was issued today by Ayatollah Rabbani Shirazi, the imam's representative and a member of the council for constitutional protection:

In His exalted name. Certain minor but sorrowful events have been occuring on the Shiraz-Firuzabad highway for the past 4 days. They are not in accord with the views of our revolutionary people and have unfortunately resulted in the martyrdom of a revolution guard and the injury of some other guardsmen and gendarmes.

Regarding this problem and considering the necessity of maintaing peace and order in the city, the security council of Fars Province has treated these assailants in a conciliatory manner, hoping that these unknown elements might wake up and follow the right path. I am warning these saboteurs for the last time that blocking the road and inconveniencing those using it are considered acts of corruption on earth from an Islamic viewpoint. Therefore, we will never accept corruption in any form, even if it is minor.

I want to inform these gentlemen that I am giving them a 1-day grace period so they can disperse and return to their homes. If tomorrow's reports indicate that the roadblocks have not been removed and that they have not ceased their acts of sabotage, the Corps of the Islamic Revolution Guards and the gendarmes will deal with them harshly in order to kill this plot while it is still in the womb. All saboteurs will be handed over to the Islamic Revolution Court following their arrest and will be treated as corrupters on earth. Naturally, the Islamic Republic's armed forces will observe this period of grace and should refrain from any actions that might encourage any negative responses by these elements.

[Signed] Ayatollah Rabbani Shirazi, 8 June 1980

Firuzabad Highway Pass Retaken

LD091014 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] According to a PARS NEWS AGENCY report, the central headquarters of the Islamic Corps of the Revolution Guards has announced that following a clash which lasted for a few hours yesterday between the assailants and the Islamic Corps of the Revolution Guards of Shiraz, the corps succeeded in gaining control of the Tonkab Pass on the highway to Firuzabad which for a time had been occupied by the assailants. During these clashes some inhabitants of Gobar village were taken hostage, and one of the guards was martyred. A number of the assailants were wounded and some were probably killed.

Firuzabad Fuel Shortages

GF091554 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1400 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] The city of Firuzabad remained shut down today as it has for the past 2 days. The roads from Savar, [word indistinct] and Farashband to Firuzabad were still closed. According to the reports, Firuzabad is facing a fuel shortage for vehicles due to the roads being closed. In an interview with our reporter, the governor of Fars announced that fuel needed for the Firuzabad region will be sent soon.

According to our correspondent, a young man named Ramazan Siyahi, who was trying to attack certain armed assailants near Shah Bahram and Savar villages, was shot and killed in his trench last night. Another person was injured.

Committee Condemns Violence

GF091555 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1400 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] The seven-man land reform committee in Fars Province has issued a statement condemning the recent attacks in Firuzabad and praising those martyred in the incident. In its statement, the committee says the Muslim and heroic nation is ready for martyrdom and will continue on its path until a government based on divine justice is established with God's help. It also said it is not afraid of rightist or leftist elements.

Clashes at Firuzabad

LD092120 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] According to Fars, the central headquarters of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps has announced that following clashes lasting several hours between assailants and the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps of Shiraz yesterday, the corps succeeded in recapturing the Tangab pass of Firuzabad, which was captured by the assailants for some time. Several inhabitants of the village of Givar were taken as hostages during these clashes, and one guard was martyred. A number of assailants were also injured and possible killed.

Group Closes Roads in Fars

LD072042 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1930 GMT 7 Jun 80

[Text] In an interview with PARS NEWS AGENCY, Mohammad Vali Habibi, governor general of Fars Province, confirmed a report concerning the closure of the Shiraz-Firuz-Abad and Tangab roads and the hijacking of a car on the road to Meymand by an armed group. He said the roads are still closed by the armed group.

The governor general added: We have reported the matter to Tehran as at the moment we have decided not to get involved with any armed clashes. However, should this situation continue, we will take measures to open these roads.

The governor general added: At the moment we are conferring with a number of tribal chiefs, asking them to solve this problem in a friendly way themselves. However, the government will not tolerate the closure of these roads. It seems that some people, wanting to aggravate misunderstanding between the government and the Qashqa'i tribe, wish to make us believe that the Qashqa'i tribe is behind this action. Since this has not been proved we have contacted the tribe's responsible officials so they can inform us of their dissociation, or, if they are involved, so they can solve the issue through discussions.

Raider Leader Arrested in Eslamabad

LD081138 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Text] PARS NEWS AGENCY reports that the governorate of Eslamabad has reported that the strike force of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps, stationed in [word indistinct], succeeded in arresting after 2 hours' fighting 'Aziz Morad Moradi, leader of 40 armed raiders, who had a Brno rifle.

He is a resident of [word indistinct] he was shot during the fight and had to be sent to Kermanshah to receive treatment.

Gendarmerie Commander Killed

LD081253 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Text] According to a PARS report from Shiraz, Maj Ebrahim Borham Haqiqi, the commanding officer of the second and third departments of the gendarmerie regiment stationed in Firuzabad, who was shot at by armed elements in yesterday's confrontation on the road between Firuzabad and (?Dowgan) in the Tangab region, was martyred this morning.

People Asked To Surrender Arms

LD081812 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Text] According to the Central News Bureau, the Joint Staff of the Iranian Army released an announcement today from the army's 28th Division in Kordestan which says:

In the name of God, dear Kurdish compatriates:

Now that with the help of the great God and the cooperation of you honorable people, peace and security have come to the cities of Saqqez and Baneh, respected inhabitants, you are asked to deliver your available arms and ammunition to the nearest military security base situated in the region and obtain a receipt. It is obvious that those who deliver their arms and ammunition will be placed under the protection of the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran.

Embargo on Kordestan Continues

LD090932 Tehran PARS in English 0824 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] Tehran, June 9 (PARS NEWS AGENCY)--The governor of the Kurdish city of Mehabad in West Azarbayjan, Baba Taheri, said to PARS yesterday that despite president Bani-Sadr's order of some five days ago on discontinuation of the economic siege of Kurdish cities and the province, unfortunately no measures have been taken to observe the order.

Baba Taheri said that problems resulting from this economic siege were becoming more serious daily. Unfavourable conditions, said the governor, have forced the inhabitants of the cities to migrate to other places. The governor added that serious steps must be taken immediately to solve the problem.

Another report from Kermanshah today indicated that individuals in the region of (Ramanat) had given themselves up to the Ravansar Revolutionary Guards Corps and handed their arms over to the corps.

Insurgents Attack Shahin Dezh

LD090946 Tehran PARS in English 0830 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] Tehran, 8 Jun (PARS NEWS AGENCY)--Insurgent groups attacked the city of Shahin Dezh, Urumiyeh, on Saturday night, shooting at the buildings. Such attacks have taken place several times during the recent week.

The governor of Miandow Ab, Behrang, told PARS yesterday that the shooting with light arms started at 9 p.m. and continued until [number indistinct] a.m. No casualties and (?damages) were reported. He added that Shahin Dezh-Taqab road was still closed.

Villagers Told To Disarm

LD091008 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] The Joint Staff of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran has issued a statement of the 81st Armored Division and the Islamic Revolution Court of Kermanshah, as follows:

In His exalted name. We hereby inform all the inhabitants of the western region, especially the villages between Kermanshah, Kamyaran and Sanandaj, that if they hand in their weapons within 5 days of 9 June 1980, that is by 13 June, to their nearest army barracks, their safety will be guaranteed. Otherwise, the 81st Armored Division will decisively act to disarm them and the violators will be handed over to the Islamic Revolution Court.

Guards Attacked in Fars

LD091230 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] PARS NEWS AGENCY reports that the governor of the town of Semirom [in Fars Province] announced: Yesterday, 15 brother guards were attacked while going from Semirom to (Padena) region. According to this report, three of the guards called Reza Mohammadi, Abbas Khademi and Javad Hejam were injured and are being treated in Semirom hospital. Two other guards were also taken hostage.

This report has also been confirmed by the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps of Esfahan.

Kermanshah Village Attacked

LD091232 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] The news bureau in Kermanshah center reports that at 2130 last night a group of counterrevolutionaries attacked the villages around the (Gudaran) region near the town of Eslamabad-e Gharb and were immediately confronted by the security forces and the Guards Corps. An informed source in the gendarmerie in Kermanshah region announced this morning: These clashes have continued till the time when this report was transmitted, that is, 1045. No accurate information is available on the possible number of the casualties.

West Azarbayjan Attack

LD091134 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Excerpt] Dr Atabaki, political deputy of the governorate general of Western Azarbayjan was granted an interview to the Voice and Profile of the Islamic Republic of Iran in which he described the situation in this region during the past 24 hours as relatively calm. He said that until this morning no report has been received regarding clashes in the region other than one on an attack by a group of assailants against the telecommunications station in (Doab) situated on the highway between Naqadeh and Piranshahr, which occured last night.

The director general of telecommunications in Western Azarbayjan said in an interview with a correspondent from the Urumiyeh center: Although the electricity generators at (Doab) telecommunications station have been put out of action, at the moment there is no difficulty in communications between Urumiyeh, Piranshahr, Jaldian and Pasveh. This station is at the moment continuing its work by making use of emergency batteries. He expressed his hope that the telecommunications employees will repair the damages inflicted upon the telecommunication station in (Doab) in the shortest possible time.

Appeals for Calm in Fars

GF091528 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1400 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] As a result of recent events, a communique was issued today by Mr Khosrow Qashqa'i. The text of this communique has been made available to us by the Voice and Profile of the Islamic Republic of Iran:

In His exalted name. A certain misunderstanding resulted in my brief detention. Fortunately, this matter was resolved in a very short time thanks to the kind attention of the president.

As all Fars brothers in the south--especially the tribal brothers--are aware, it has always been announced through the media and in statements that certain suspicious hands are working against the Islamic Revolution and are trying in every way possible to create unrest in the peaceful and calm region of Fars. I urge all Iranian brothers and sisters--especially the southern tribes--to remain calm and not to heed to any rumors or plots.

[Signed] Khosrow Qashqa'i

Army Operations in Qotur

LD091744 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] According to the PARS NEWS AGENCY, the political deputy of the Western Azarbayjan governor general held a press conference and said that cleaning-up operations in the Qotur, Khvoy region by the army and gendarmerie forces are continuing. It is hoped that within the next few days trains will be able to resume their normal traffic on this route and those loaded with cargo and halted on the other side of the border [Turkish-Iranian border] can move into Iran.

The political deputy of the Western Azarbayjan governor general stressed that the majority of citizens in the Qotur area want security and peace in the area and that it was because of a lack of security that action was taken to rid the area of armed individuals.

Regarding the farmers driven out of the area, he said that the farmers have been driven out by landlords associated with irresponsible groups and we are trying to bring them back to their homes.

Kurds Execute Two Guards

LD091832 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 9 June 80

[Text] The PARS NEWS AGENCY, quoting the Revolution Guards Corps of Paveh, has reported that two of the guards held hostage for some time by the Kurdish Democratic Party and the Komeleh Party were martyred yesterday by the Komeleh elements in the Nosud area.

The names of the martyred guards have been given as follows: Amir Hushang Qannad, a native of 'Abbasabad, Shahsavar region, and Hoseyn 'Ali Jalil-Moqaddam, a native of Shahsavar. According to the same report, during the funeral ceremony for the martyred guards the citizens of Paveh demanded that responsible officials should cleanse the area of counterrevolutionary elements as soon as possible. According to the PARS NEWS AGENCY the bodies of the two martyred guards were delivered to the guards corps in Kermanshah this evening for transfer to their birthplace, Shahsavar, for burial.

Mines Found in Tehran Street

LD091722 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] According to the PARS NEWS AGENCY, the central headquarters of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps announced that this morning a number of antipersonnel mines, known as conical mines, were discovered by one of its guards in Jomhuri Street in Tehran and all of them were neutralized.

Tehran Street Clash

LD092151 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] According to PARS, following a clash near the Misaq society in Shir-O-Khorshid Street this morning, one person named Naser Mohammadi was killed and another person was injured and taken to Firuzgar hospital. A spokesman for the Misaq society speaking in a PARS interview stated that the society's building used to be a petrol station before the revolution and it belonged to three partners, one of whom is a capitalist who fled. He said that in the early hours of this morning the guards of the committee of the 12th region went to the society without eviction orders. We contacted the central committee and a central committee official said that the 12th region's guards had no orders obtained from us and that the committee intended to hand the place over to the central committee. We gave no authority and they acted on their own decision.

According to a PARS correspondent, national police personnel went to the site to make investigations into this clash, and a crowd of people gathered near the society until 1200.

CHIEF WARNS OF 'SERIOUS UNREST' AMONG QASHQAI TRIBE

LD091047 London THE DAILY TELEGRAPH in English 9 Jun 80 p 2

[Amit Roy dispatch: "Tribal Unrest Warning by Iranian Chief"]

[Text] A warning that there could be serious unrest among one of Iran's biggest tribes, the 500,000 strong Qashqai, was given yesterday by its chief after he had been arrested in Tehran.

Mr Khoshrow Qashqai, 58, who has been elected MP for the city of Oglid in Fars Province, was arrested on Wednesday, allegedly because of documents about him found at the occupied U.S. Embassy in Tehran.

Rejecting suggestions that he had been working for the CIA, Mr Qashqai, who spent 25 years in exile under the shah, told me yesterday: "If these allegations had been correct, the documents would have been released much sooner."

On Saturday, thousands of tribesmen, angered by the arrest of their chieftain, were involved in clashes with revolutionary guards, in which one guard was shot dead.

Mr Qashqa'i stressed that the responsible authorities, including President Bani-Sadr, had no knowledge of the arrest warrant.

In an interview with the Tehran newspaper KEYHAN, President Bani-Sadr revealed he had read the files on Mr Qashqa'i. "The English version in no way projects him as a member of the CIA."

Ayatollah Khomeyni, when he heard about the arrest, "was greatly angered and ordered that I be taken home."

Yesterday Mr Qashqa'i was at home but surrounded by revolutionary guards. He refused to make it clear whether he was under house arrest. On Wednesay, two men came to his house and escorted him away in a car, claiming that parliament had decided to convene an unscheduled session. He became suspicious, pulled a gun and fired two warning shots because he was afraid he was being kidnapped.

Asked whether he had been beaten up by revolutionary guards at their headquarters, he replied: "I am in politics. This sort of thing happens."

Mr Qashqa'i's papers as MP have yet to be confirmed. So far, according to Tehran Radio yesterday, 164 MP's out of 213 who attended parliament on the opening day have been confirmed in their posts after their papers were checked by fellow members.

OIL MINISTER WILLING TO EXPORT TO EASTERN EUROPE

JN061822 Tehran International Service in Arabic 1730 GMT 6 Jun 80

[Text] Petroleum Minister Engineer 'Ali Akbar Mo'infar has said that Iran will not reduce the price of its oil. He added that the East European states will buy Iranian oil if the Western states do not do so.

In an interview with a magazine published in Dusseldorf in the FRG, Engineer Mo'infar said: Japan and the oil groups in the world refuse to buy Iranian crude oil at $35 per barrel, thus trying to pressure Iran. The Iranian petroleum minister said: We should insure our country's economic needs. He will resort to the East if we are unable to reach an agreement with the West in this respect. He added: Last month, Iranian oil production amounted to 2 million barrels a day and half this figure was exported.

TEHRAN ANNOUNCES FORMATION OF INCIDENT INVESTIGATION BUREAU

LD030408 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0230 GMT 3 Jun 80

[Text] The Interior Ministry of the Islamic Republic of Iran, in contact with the Central News Bureau, issued the following statement:

In the Almighty's name, the dear Iranian nation is hereby informed that for the purpose of obtaining information and considering the country's important events as concerns public peace, a special organization has been established at the Interior Ministry, called the Bureau for the Investigation of Incidents, which is open 24 hours a day to receive news and reports which affect the country's interests, such as the sighting of luminous objects, balloons and the passing of doubtful foreign [word indistinct] and the planting of bombs and so on at these telephones: 392045 and 391051.

This bureau is responsible for following up affairs and analyzing them, for the purpose of adopting careful and correct decisions in conjunction with the responsible executive officials of the Islamic Republic.

Dear compatriots are hereby asked to refrain from contacting other official organizations, such as the imam's bureau, the president's office, etc.

OFFICIALS DISCUSS COORDINATING JUDICIAL, EXECUTIVE POWERS

LD081930 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 8 Jun 80

[Text] The issues concerning the judicial affairs of revolution courts and the judicial orders of the executive establishments were discussed in a meeting at the Prime Ministry attended by President Dr Abdolhasan Bani-Sadr, Ayatollah Dr Beheshti, the president of the country's Supreme Court, Ayatollah Musavi-Ardebili, prosecutor-general of the country, and Mojjat ol-Eslam Qoddusi, the Islamic Revolution's prosecutor-general.

At the end of the meeting, Ayatollah Beheshti told PARS NEWS AGENCY: At this session, we had general discussions on the affairs regarding the revolution courts and the executive establishment related to judicial affairs. These discussions had nothing to do with the executive establishment, so naturally Dr Bani-Sadr, who is in charge of the executive, did not participate in the proceedings.

Asked what decisions had been made at the meeting, Ayatollah Beheshti said: We have decided to have the legal department draft bills to satisfy this goal, introduce them in the Revolution Council, and after approval, issue them for enforcement.

Ayatollah Beheshti was asked if any decisions were made at this meeting on preventing the interference of the executive in the affairs of the judicial establishment and vice versa. He said: Are there such interferences? Give me examples and I shall respond. But on the whole, I believe that there must not be any interference and this has been decided and is in force. The executive and judicial establishments must coordinate, and according to the Constitution, work together.

FINANCE OFFICIAL INTERVIEWED ON TAX REVENUE PROBLEMS

LD091425 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Text] According to the financial correspondent of the Voice and Profile of the Islamic Republic of Iran, the government will collect 15 percent more in taxes this year compared with the previous year. According to the same report, taxes on cars, motorcycles, magnetic tape and good-will payments will be increased this year. Regarding taxes included in the current year's budget and the manner in which they will be collected Mr (Gholam Hasan Jedayat-Afruz), under secretary for tax revenues in the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Finance, answered questions put to him by the correspondent of the Voice and Profile of the Islamic Republic of Iran, which you will now hear.

[Begin Jedayat-Afruz recording] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful: In answer to your question, the tax revenue envisaged in the budget amounts to 418 billion rials, which is, of course 15 percent more than that planned for the previous year.

Regarding many of our resources, including the reduced income tax revenue from nationalized companies, as well as the loss of the former revenue from alcoholic beverages and the bills prepared in the past reducing income tax revenue, the level of income tax receipts has been low. We have tried to make up for reduced revenue by, among other things, imposing taxes on tapes and by increasing taxes on cars and motorcycles. We shall try to collect some tax revenue in connection with the unwarranted increases in price of certain commodities. More importantly, our efforts have been directed at inducing more dynamism in activating local income tax offices to operate locally in the field of collecting taxes on good-will payments and on real estate transactions.

We hope that with the efforts thus made we will be able to secure this revenue with the expectation that our oil revenues may be reduced as a result of the present economic blockade. In particular we insist that the people should give greater cooperation in this field, and that by paying their legitimate taxes they should help the government to meet the cost of running its agencies, not only government agencies but also the new organizations which have been created and which require money. We appeal to the people to open the door and realize how the revolution can be perpetuated. Bearing in mind that there has never been a revolution in the world in which economic matters have not featured, and that following a revolution, as a rule, more taxes are imposed, we appeal to the people to pay greater attention to meeting the expenditure of their own elected government, for which they have given their blood and martyrs. We call upon the Voice and Profile of the Islamic Republic of Iran to provide more time for the ministry to put to the people the country's current economic and financial problems. [end recording]

FORMER SAVAK TORTURER TRIED, EXECUTED AT EVIN PRISON

LD091034 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 9 Jun 80

[Excerpts] The central news bureau reports that Kamali, the famous torturer of the defunct SAVAK, was executed this morning in the courtyard of Evin Prison.

The central Islamic Revolution Court, which is the heir to the blood and torture of the beloved ones, condemned Farajollah Seyfi Kamangar, known as Dr Kamali, who was guilty of torturing the strugglers, resulting in their physical injury or insanity, to 500 lashes of the whip so that he could experience worldly retribution, to be followed by execution. After the court's verdict concerning the flogging was carried out, at 1000 today, Monday, he was executed in the courtyard of Evin Prison.

ISLAMIC COURT EXECUTES SIX PERSONS FOR 'CORRUPTION'

LD100330 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0230 GMT 10 Jun 80

[Text] According to PARS NEWS AGENCY, the central [Tehran] Islamic Revolution Court found six persons guilty of having committed corruption on earth this morning. Their names are as follows:

1. Mehdi Zeynali, son of Mohammad, charged with armed robbery;

2. Soleyman Hajzamani, charged with pederasty and stealing large amounts of government and army property;

3. Hushang Manucherhri, former deputy martial law administrator of Tehran's fifth region, charged with crushing the uprising of Tehran's fighting people and participation in the shooting at Mowlavi junction on 7 November 1978, which resulted in the martyrdom of two and the injury of nine persons;

[4 and 5] Also Kyumars Mirkha'efi, son of Kazem, and Mohammad Reza Ne'mati, son of 'Aziz, charged with possession of explosives, placing explosives in various places and destroying the health and district offices, which resulted in the death of one person;

6. Yusef Sobhani, son of 'Ali, managing director of the Zamzam Company, charged with the murder of one of the fighters [as heard] on 5 June 1963, cooperation with the Sabet-Pasal brothers [Jewish industrialists] and Hozhabr Yazdani [Baha'i industrialist], direct collaboration with SAVAK and the martial law administrator's office and assisting Zionism.

The sentences were carried out at 0130 this morning.

BANI-SADR ISSUES MORE GUIDELINES ON DRUG-RELATED ISSUES

LD011101 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 1 Jun 80

[Excerpt] The press and cultural adviser to the president, in a contact with the Central News Bureau of the Voice and Profile of the Islamic Republic of Iran, announced that Hojjat ol-Eslam Sheykh Sadeq Khalkhali, one of the representatives in the Islamic Majles and in charge of antinarcotic operations, met with Dr Seyed Abolhasan Bani-Sadr, the president of the Islamic Republic of Iran. The meeting lasted 1 hour and 15 minutes. The president of our country issued more guidelines in connection with the welfare of drug addicts and related issues.

KHALKHALI CARRIES OUT DRUG VIOLATION ARRESTS, EXECUTIONS

Comments on Executions

LD020314 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0230 GMT 2 Jun 80

[Excerpt] Two more narcotics smugglers have been executed. According to a PARS NEWS AGENCY correspondent, Hojjat ol-Eslam Sadeq Khalkhali, supervisor of antinarcotics campaign, has said in an interview:

Javad Tehrani, son of 'Alireza, resident of Tehran, was sentenced to death by a special Islamic court, charged with active participation in the sale and distribution of heroin and causing the addiction of a 7-year-old boy, as well as committing indecent assault against him. The sentence was carried out. Moreover, Fatemeh Khamushgar, who had previously received leniency from the court, was sentenced to death by the court, overruling an earlier verdict. She had continued in her activity and was convicted of having distributed and sold 106 kg of heroin. The sentence was carried out later.

30 Smugglers Arrested

LD051153 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 5 Jun 80

[Text] Thanks to the persistent efforts of Hojjat ol-Eslam Khalkhali, this morning 30 narcotics smugglers were arrested at Jurqan, Hamadan region.

On orders of Hojjat ol-Eslam Khalkhali seven of the smugglers arrested in Hamadan were executed at noon today. On orders of the Islamic Revolution Court of Hamadan this morning five more narcotics smugglers were executed.

4 Smugglers Executed

LD061756 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 6 Jun 80

[Text] According to the Hamadan correspondent, on the second day of his stay in Hamadan, Hojjat ol-Eslam Khalkhali, accompanied by a task force group, surrounded the village [word indistinct] 2 km from Hamadan at 0400 today and arrested a number of professional smugglers. Four of those arrested were 'Ali Oroghi, Haj Mohammad Norozi, Safar 'Ali F'alehgari and Kamran Reza'i. They were convicted and sentenced to death, and the sentences were carried out immediately.

10 EXECUTED FOR NARCOTICS CRIMES

LD100332 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0230 GMT 10 Jun 80

[Text] According to PARS NEWS AGENCY, 10 persons were sentenced to death at the special Islamic Revolution Court of the center for the fight against narcotics in the early hours of this morning. Hojjat ol-Eslam Sheykh Sadeq Khalkhali, supervisor of the center for the fight against narcotics, said in an interview with the PARS NEWS AGENCY correspondent: These persons were of the most dangerous, and at the same time, the dirtiest gang that so far has been executed. They used innocent children and also were involved in selling girls and boys and running centers of corruption. They were involved in killing and highway robbery, using the financial means and weapons at their disposal, and stopped at nothing in the pursuit of their evil aims.

Further Comment on Executions

LD100440 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0330 GMT 10 Jun 80

[Text] Hojjat ol-Eslam Sheykh Sadeq Khalkhali, supervisor of the fight against narcotics, issued the following statement to PARS NEWS AGENCY in connection with the recent executions:

In the name of God. The great Muslim Iranian nation should know that since international imperialism and world-devouring Zionism were not able to destroy this nation in face of the powerful will of the nation by way of force, king-making and their chained dogs in the region, or to divide Iran, they embarked on a more dangerous venture. By importing thousands of kilograms of heroin, opium and hashish from Burma, Thailand, Pakistan, Afghanistan and India they made addicts of our newly ripe flowers and destroyed more than 500,000 youths; so that instead of being busy with running factories, reconstructing dear Iran and the development of agriculture and animal husbandry, these youths involuntarily fell down in the streets, waiting for the evil powder. The danger of the spread of this disease is comparatively greater than that of the First and Second World Wars, not only for Iran but for mankind.

Everybody knows that if this disease spreads, not only will we no longer have active, young and able members, but--more important than that--this shah-stricken country will have regressed 200 years and been driven to doom by the vampiric hands of the evil merchants.

Thanks to the great efforts of the brave rising nation, we took great steps and blocked this destructive flood. In this task, we still need your cooperation and will continue our work until the demise of this ruinous disease.

The smuggling gangs should know that wherever they are, we will pursue them and will exterminate them. We will not give them the slightest opportunity to be active. A nation that has cast the wretched monarchical system into the wastebin of history is able to do the same with the monarchical and artistocratic culture and civilization. This is the decisive decision of the great Iranian nation.

[Signed] Sadeq Khalkhali

NVOI COMMENTS ON INTERNATIONAL, DOMESTIC ISSUES

Rural Councils; OPEC Meeting

GF251840 [Editorial Report] (Clandestine) National Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran at 1730 on 25 May broadcast two commentaries. The first, entitled "Speedy Formation of Rural Councils is A Necessity," says: With the Revolution Council's decree on agrarian reforms, the path has been opened for distribution of land among the landless peasants or those with insufficient land. That is why the speedy formation of genuine rural councils is one of the most important provisions on implementation of the law on distribution of land among the rural populace. The more democratic and fraudulent-free the election of these rural council members, the faster and more realistic will be the implementation of the land distribution act provisions.

All feudalists and large landowners and their proponents have, since the dawn of the revolution, and especially since the approval of the land distribution act, tried with all their might to fight against the country's rural people, more specifically against the formation of rural councils. The Revolution Guards Corps can play a very important role in the speedy and correct implementation of this law and in the formation of rural councils. It would be very fitting to mention here the instructive action and measures by the Revolution Guards Corps in Khuzestan. The Khuzestan Revolution Guards Corps, by issuing a communique, announced some time ago that in order to secure the legal and religious rights of the peasants, it had begun the formation of rural councils. All feudalist, capitalist and imperialist elements were warned that if they created any kind of hinderance in this endeavor, they would face reaction by revolution guards.

During a 1-month period, rural councils have been formed in more than 60 villages. It is the people's expectation that the Revolution Guard Corps and all revolutionary organs everywhere should assist in the forming of rural councils and land distribution among peasants.

The second commentary, entitled "Oil and U.S. Imperialism," says: The extraordinary OPEC conference held in Saudi Arabia recently investigated the unified and long term programs of the strategic action in oil production and sales. The OPEC members expressed their view that it was time that all OPEC countries found a solution for the price of their oil while taking into consideration the unstable rate of the dollar. The oil and finance minister of Qatar spoke about the increase of oil prices and the expensive products imported from the West. The Western countries at present are thinking about the defeat of U.S. policy in Iran. At the same time they have not forgotten that Western capitalism depends on Middle East oil. The OPEC members believe they should not increase the level of oil production.

Having lost Iranian oil, the United States is looking for other oil sources. For example, the U.S. energy secretary recently visited Saudi Arabia to hold discussions with Saudi officials on petroleum.

He tried to bring pressure on Saudi Arabia to increase oil production as well as export more to the United States. But Saudi officials--although they are completely dependent on the United States--hesitated in making a decision regarding this matter. The OPEC countries possess the most important weapon against the plots of the imperialist countries led by the United States: oil.

Fuedalism; New Plots

TA300853 [Editorial Report] (Clandestine) National Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran at 1730 GMT on 29 May broadcast two commentaries. The first commentary, entitled "Feudalism and Big Landownership, a Haven of Imperialism and Counterrevolution," says: The big fuedal landowners in Iran are the main pillars of support for U.S. imperialism and counterrevolution. From the very beginning of the revolution, these corrupt elements stood against the Iranian nation and its leader. These elements not only plunder the nation's wealth and help U.S. imperialism and counterrevolution, but resort to different criminal acts aided by their mercenaries in the villages.

When the agrarian law was being enforced, these elements doubled their reaction and resisted the people and revolutionary guards with arms in order to prepare the ground for the eventual return of their U.S. masters and their hirelings. But experience has shown that wherever the revolutionary guards, along with the villagers, have taken decisive steps to carry out the imam's recommendations as well as the decisions of the Revolutionary Council, they have succeeded in crushing the big feudal landowners. Carrying out the land reform in a decisive and permanent way will benefit the nation and revolution and will make the economy of the liberated nation healthy.

The second commentary is entitled "U.S. Imperialism Is Hatching a New Plot Against Iran." It says: President Bani-Sadr [words indistinct] said that Carter has sent some of his agents to Iran to release the U.S. hostages (?in order to have an excuse for overtly interfering in the domestic affairs of Iran). In spite of all the U.S. officials' pretentions of allegedly making efforts to solve the U.S.-Iran crisis through peaceful means, diplomacy and through international organizations, reliable information indicates that the United States is hatching a new military plot against the Islamic Republic of Iran. The U.S. press proves this reality. The San Francisco EXAMINER has said for example that maneuvers will be carried out in San Diego (region similar to the Lut desert in Iran) preparing an action for the release of the U.S. hostages in Iran. U.S. information agencies, relying on U.S. officials, conclude that there exists a possibility for new efforts to release the hostages. At the same time, the United States is collecting spy information regarding the region where the new aggression is to take place. According to the New York TIMES, Carter's administration pretends that the Iranian leadership is allegedly not willing to solve the U.S.-Iran crisis and is responsible for its continuation. Thus, the danger threatening Iran is increasing and under such conditions the anxiety of all the national and revolutionary forces concerning repelling the danger of a U.S. imperialist aggression is becoming more and more important. In connection with this matter, the efforts of some groups to create division among the true and united forces of the revolution are to the detriment of the Iranian revolution. It is only the unity of speech and action of all the anti-imperialist forces that will allow victory over wild U.S. imperialism.

Drug Addiction Blamed on U.S.

TA271942 [Editorial Report] (Clandestine) National Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran at 1730 GMT on 27 May broadcast a commentary entitled: "People (?Favor) the Persistent Struggle Against Narcotics." It says: According to official international statistics, Iran has the highest drug addiction rate in the world in proportion to its total population. The number of addicts has even increased since the revolution. The former corrupt regime is responsible for this--in order to keep young people away from politics or social problems, the corrupt regime encouraged addiction.

As we know, U.S. imperialism and British colonialism used to distribute heroin free of charge to the people of many colonized nations in order to mislead society from the right path of struggle. It is a great mistake to think that after the victory of the Iranian revolution U.S. imperialism and counterrevolution have stopped (?encouraging) narcotics in Iran. On the contrary, taking advantage of problems created by unemployment, they even (?distribute) narcotics at lower prices.

As can be expected, the responsible officials of our country are strongly fighting this problem and the nomination of Hojjat ol-Eslam Khalkhali to the post of head of the anti-narcotics (organization) is proof of this. The latter deals with narcotic smugglers in a very decisive way and this has made the Iranian nation hopeful. The Iranian nation expects that the responsible officials and primarily Hojjat ol-Eslam Khalkhali will eradicate drug addiction forever.

Khomeyni on Birth of Imam 'Ali

TA281853 [Editorial Report] (Clandestine) National Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran at 1730 GMT on 28 May broadcast a commentary which says: Today is an auspicious day which coincides with one of the greatest feasts of the world's Shi'ites, that is, the anniversary of the birth of Imam 'Ali. On such a glorious day the first session of the consultative assembly of the Islamic Republic was convened with Imam Khomeyni's message. In this message addressed to the Majles representatives the great Khomeyni has called on them to implement social and Islamic justice from which the people were deprived during the period of the Shahanshahi regime. In his message the imam of the nation has stressed the point that the Majles must investigate the situation of the country's deprived and the poor, who constitute the great majority of the population, and should implement vast projects to alleviate their conditions. The imam called on the representatives to stand up to the satanic powers and to be alert to the beguiling of the extreme right and extreme left. While congratulating our Muslim brothers and sisters we hope that the representatives of the first Majles of our Islamic Republic will take steps to secure the nation's demands.